

MAINZ test beam: September 2023

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Outline

- **Overview of the MAINZ beam test setup (September 2023)**
- **Results from the MAINZ test beam campaign**
 - In-situ measurement of the PMT gain
 - Horizontal & vertical scans with different quartz (Heraeus & Corning) tiles
 - Effect of back reflector panels on the PE yield
- **Cosmic test setup at UMass**
 - Ongoing activities and future plans

Test beam team

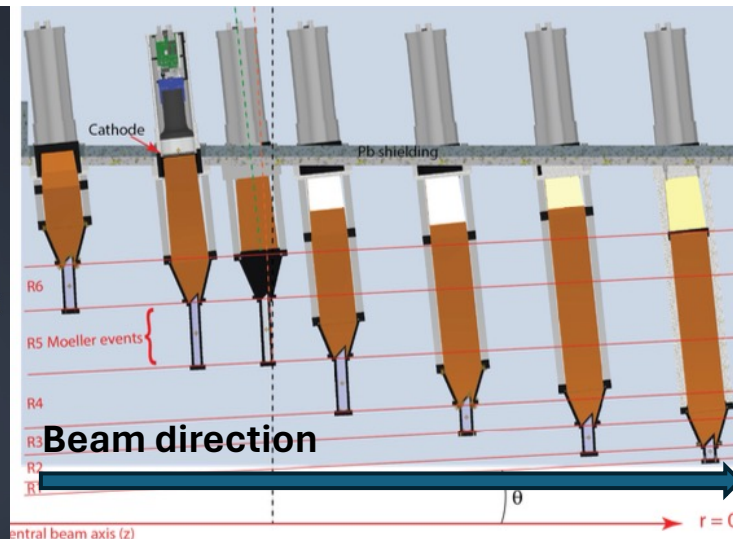
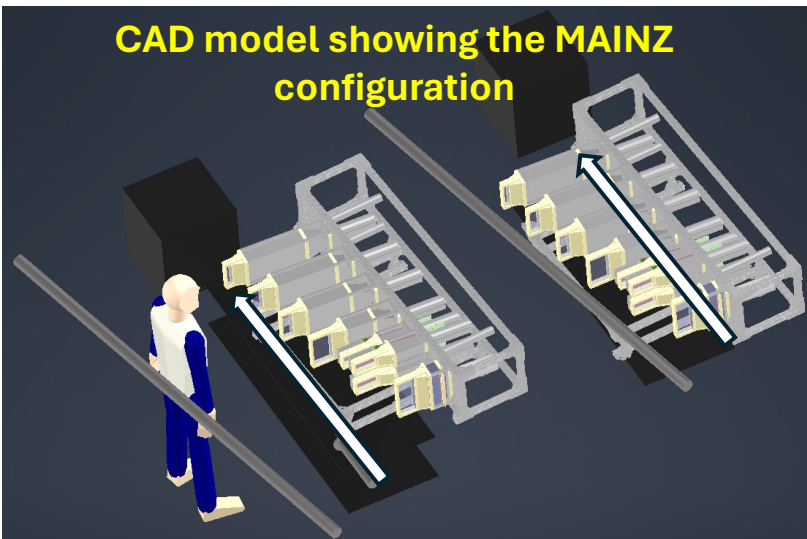
Brynne Blaikie	Sebastian Baunack
Rahima Krini	Jürgen Diefenbach
Nafis Niloy	Michael Gericke
Andrew Gunsch	Mark Pitt
Daniel Valmassei	Dustin McNulty
Jonathon Mott	Krishna Kumar
Tobias Rimke	
Sayak Chatterjee	
Boris Gläser	
Malte Christian Wilfert	

MAINZ test beam campaign (September 2023)



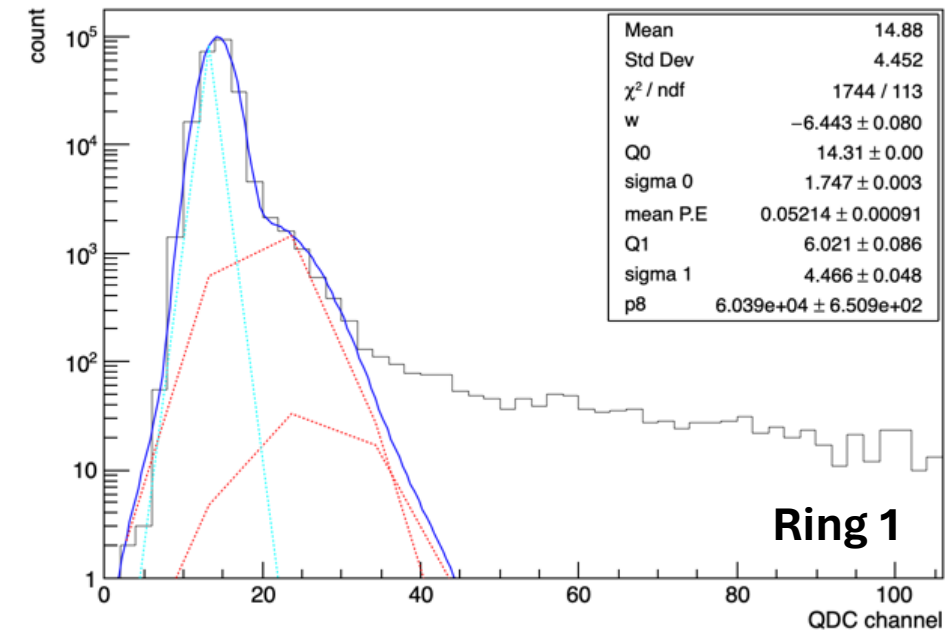
- Entire front flush segment is scanned with electron beam of energy 855 MeV
- Performance with different quartz tiles and reflective light guide materials are investigated
 - Quartz tiles: Corning & Heraeus
 - Light guide: UVC & UVS
- Detectors are tested in event mode as well as in the integration mode

CAD model showing the MAINZ configuration

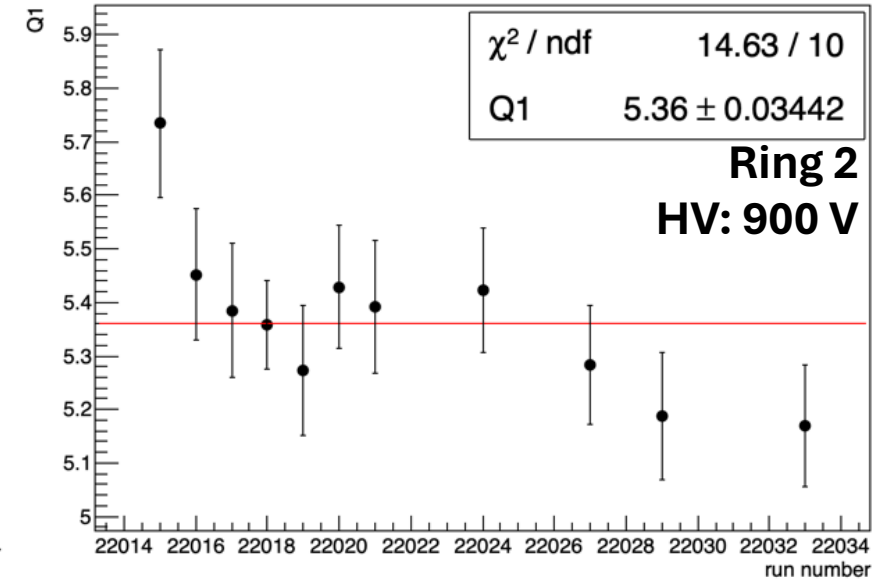
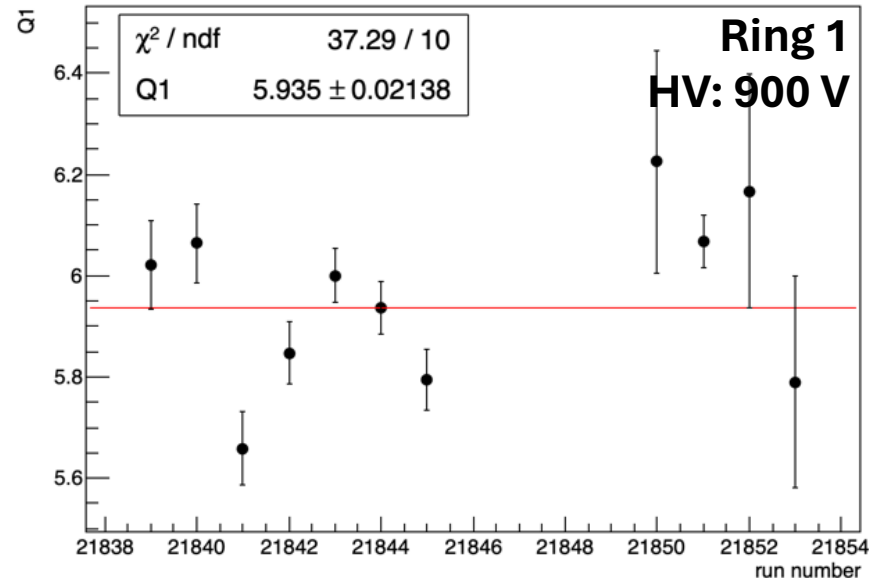
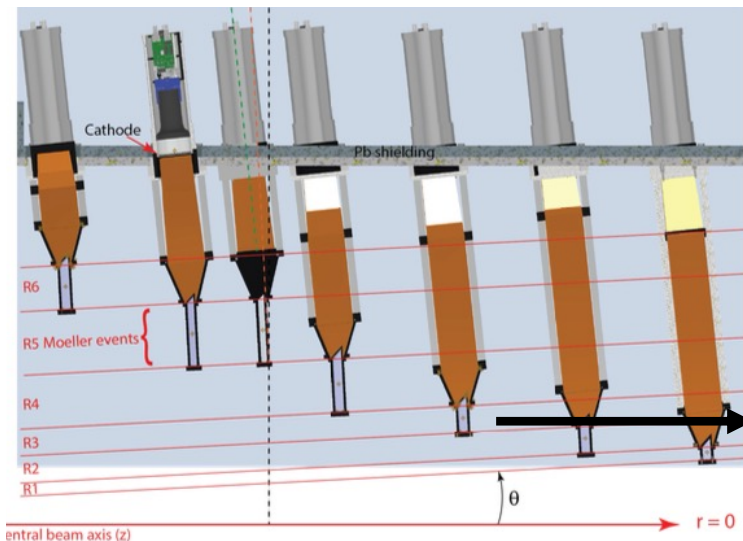


Performance of the individual Rings with electron beam of 855 MeV
(Spectra are fitted with Langau distribution)

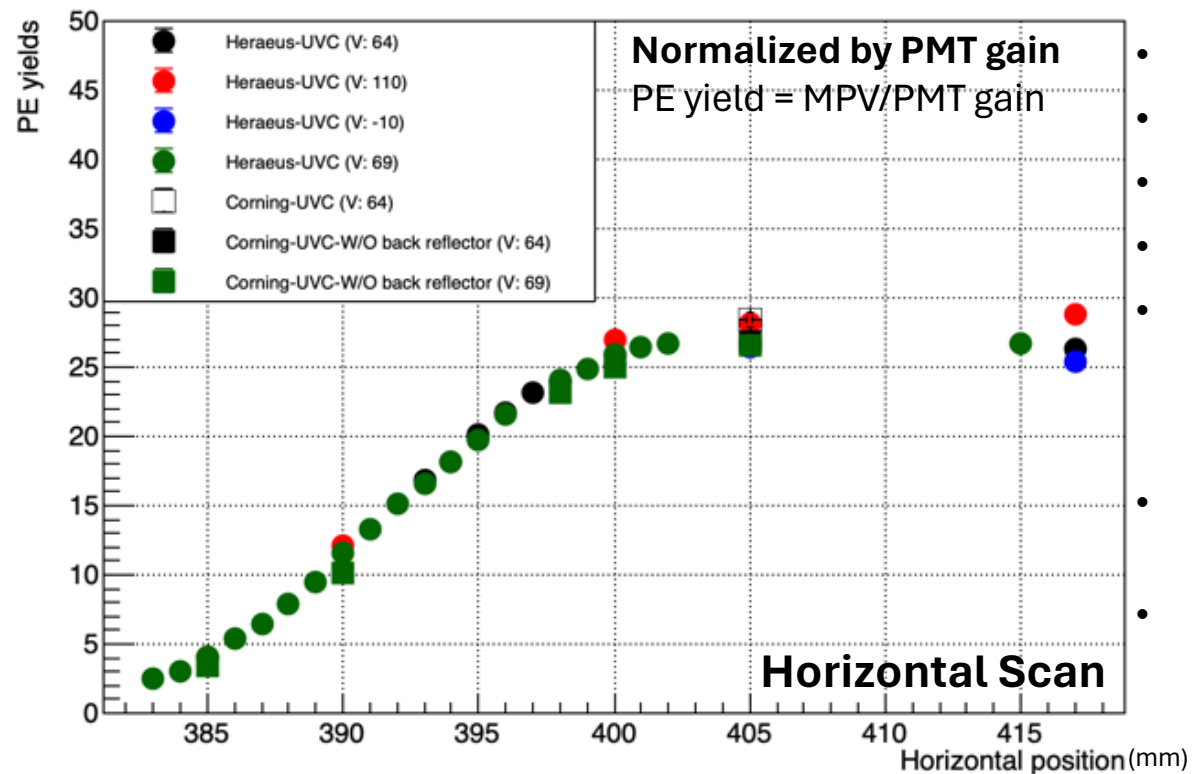
In-situ PMT gain calibration



- Data is taken when the is beam is hitting at the light guide region
- The spectrum is fitted with the PMT gain calibration script that is being used to analyze the single PE measurements in the lab (Ref: NIMA 339 (1994) 468)
- Average is taken over different runs
- The Q1 value corresponds to single PE and it is then used to calculate the PE yields from the Cherenkov detectors

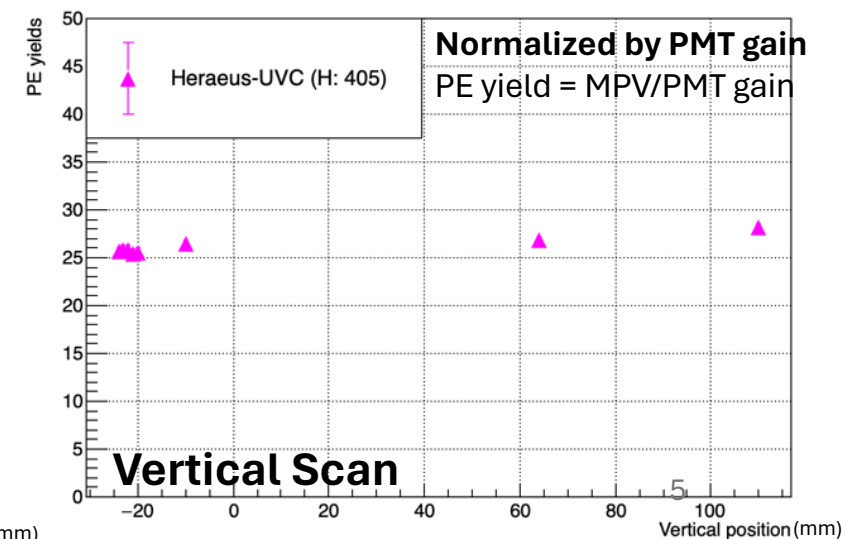
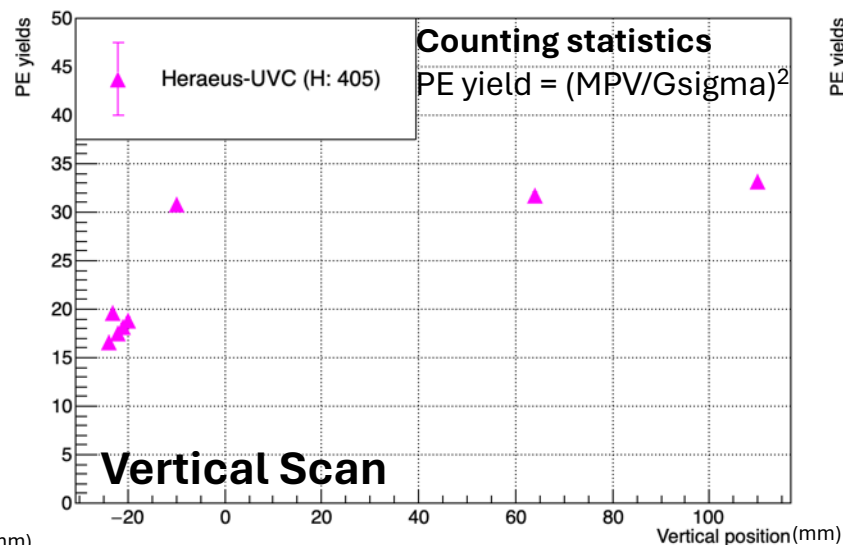
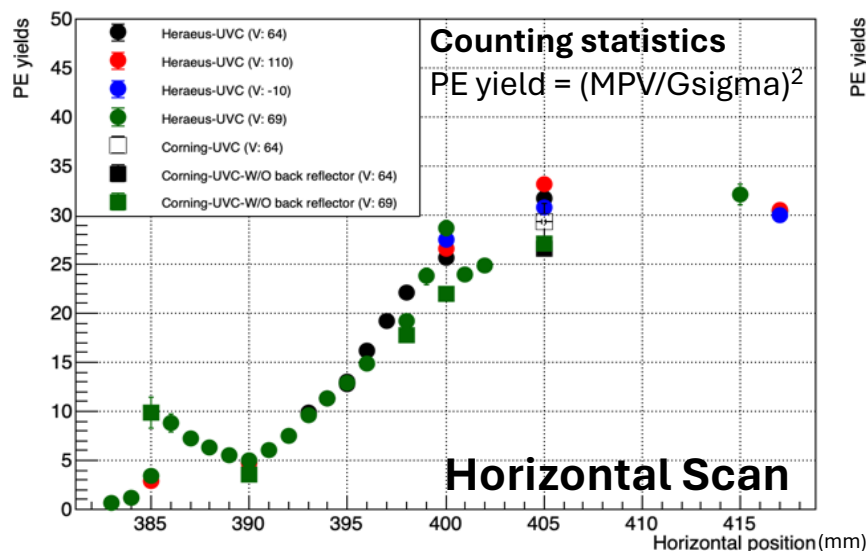
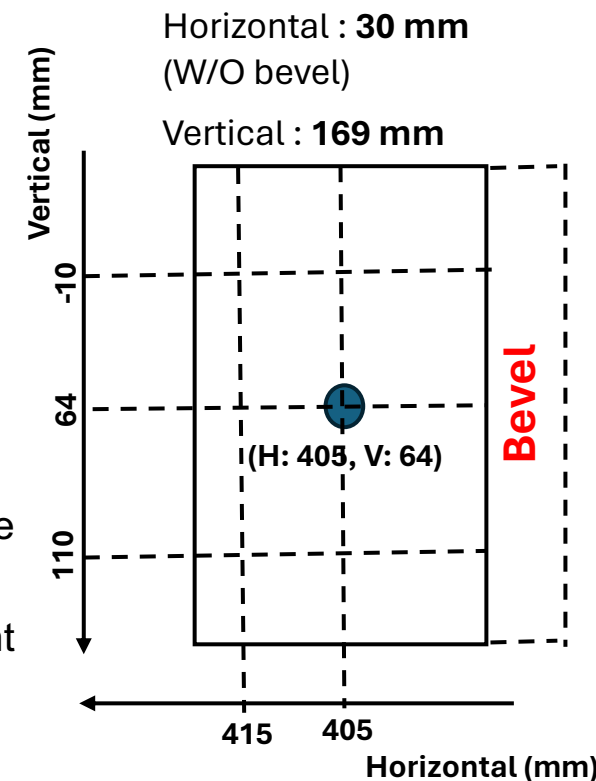


Ring 1: PE yield

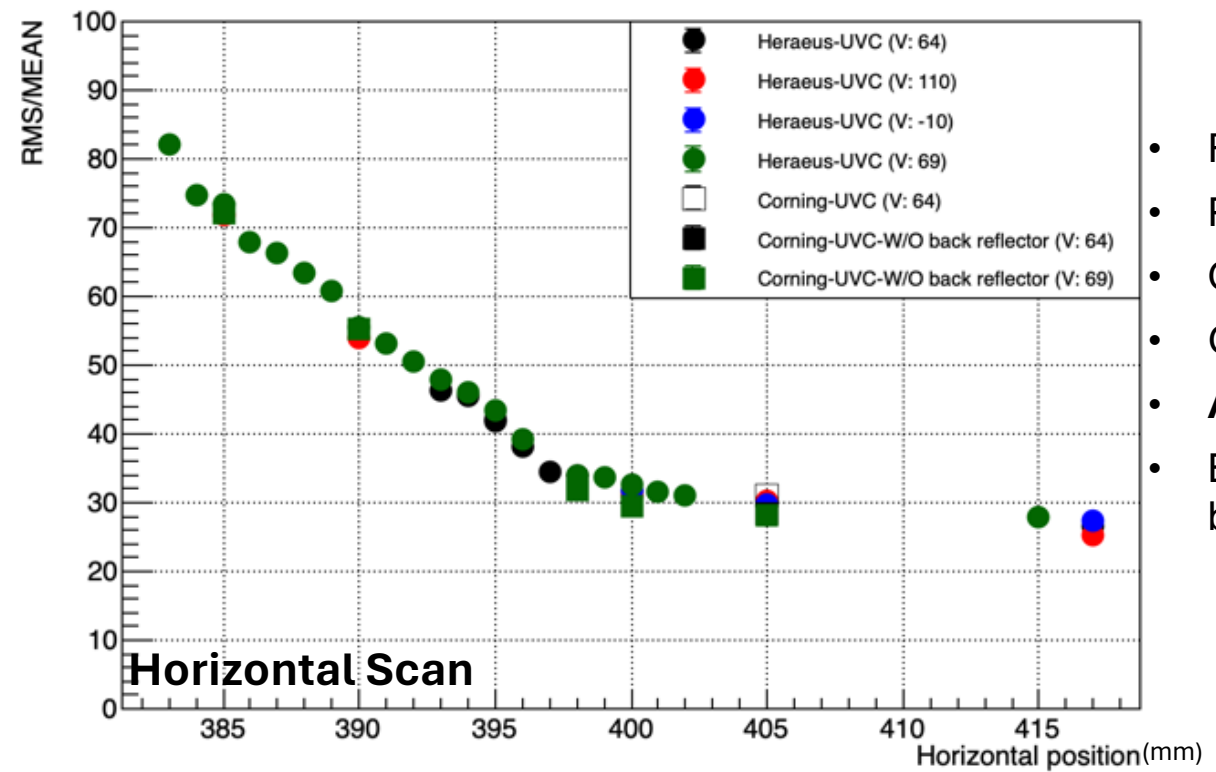


- Ring 1 was operated at 900 V
- PMT used: Jlab, 616
- Q1 (@ 900 V) = 5.98 (± 0.10), 5.42 (± 0.11)
- Gain ($\times 10^6$): 7.5 (± 0.12), 6.8 (± 0.14)
- Average PE yield is (400–420 mm);
 26.56 ± 0.12 (gain norm.)
 27.62 ± 0.07 (counting stat.)
- Both the Heraeus and Corning quartz tile behave similarly
- With out the back reflectors no significant change in the PE yield is observed

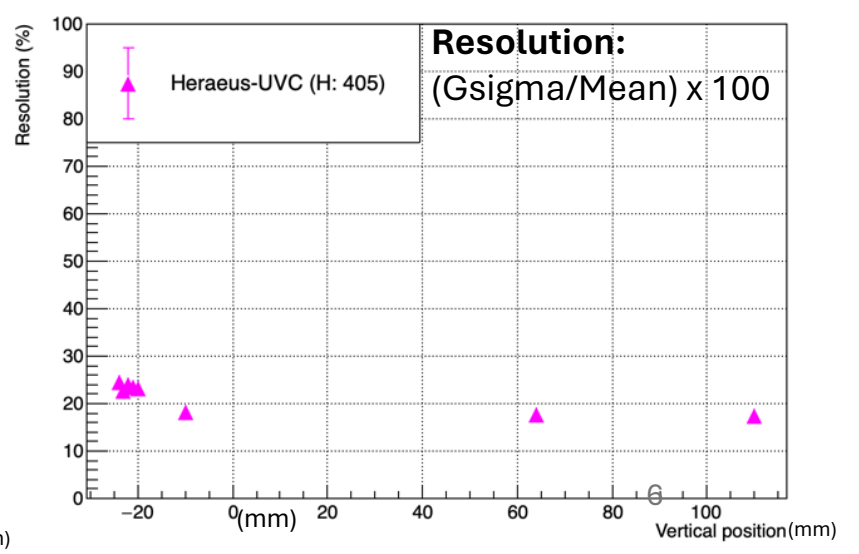
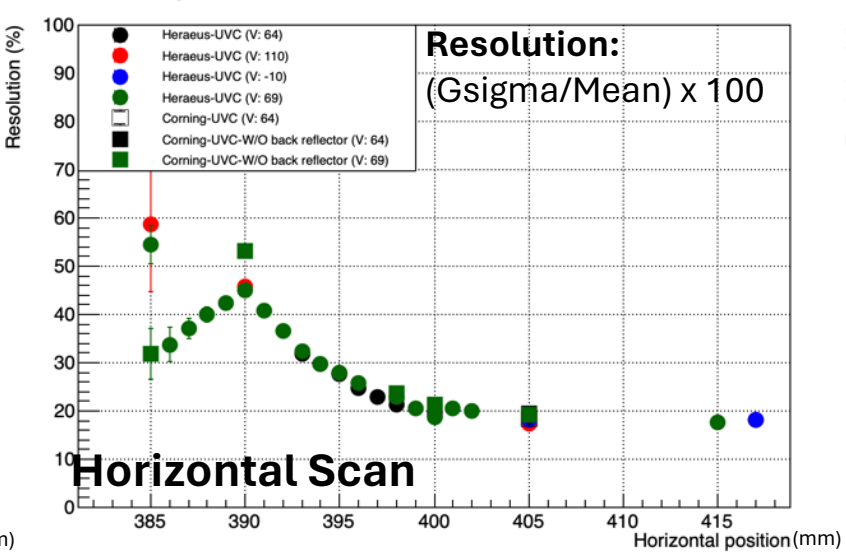
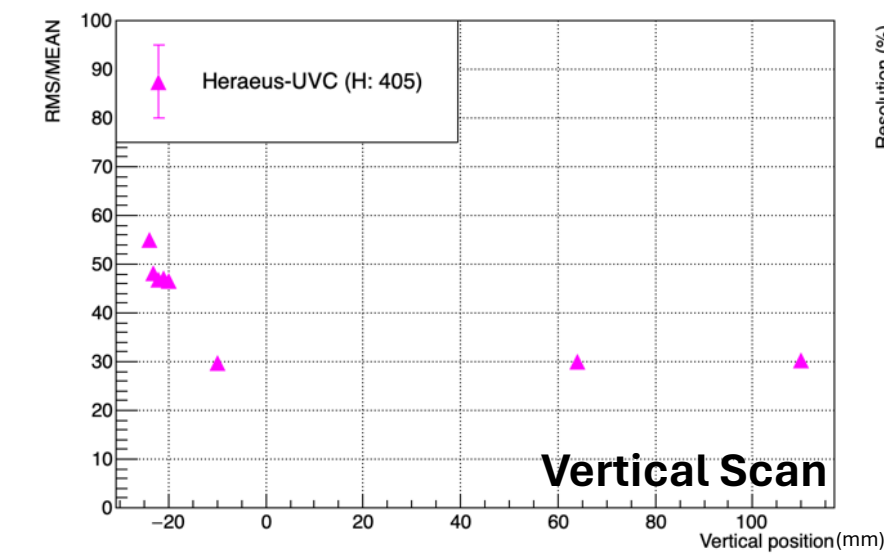
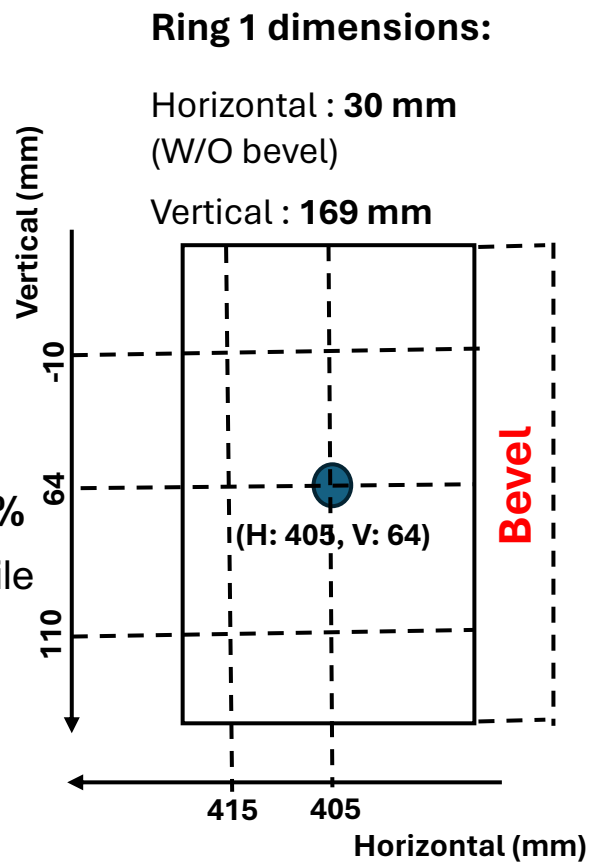
Ring 1 dimensions:



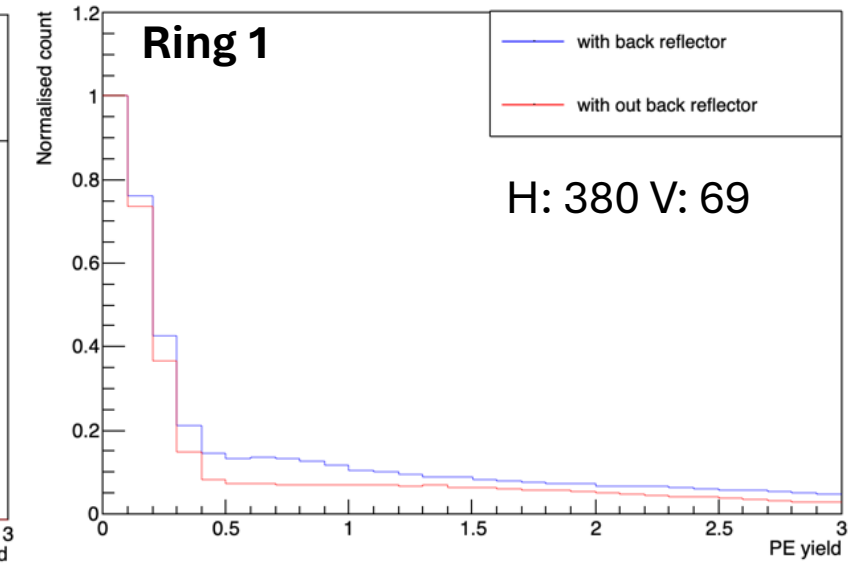
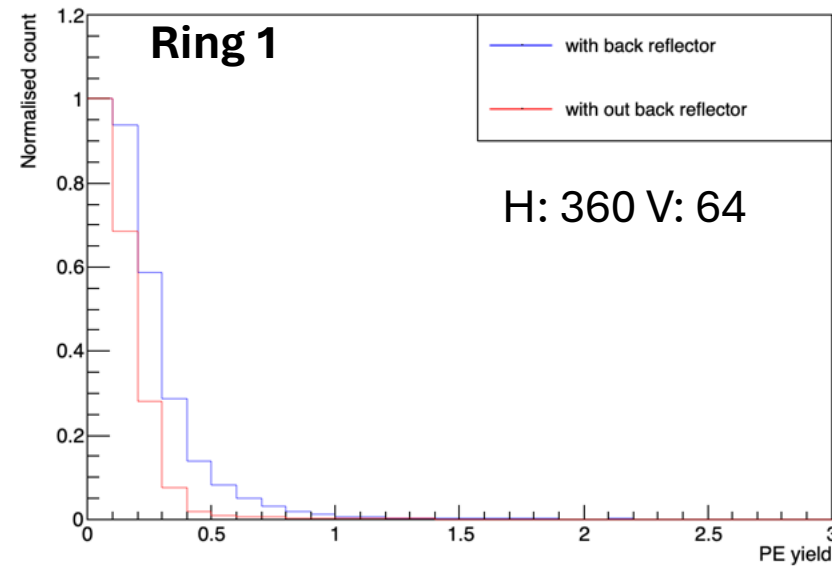
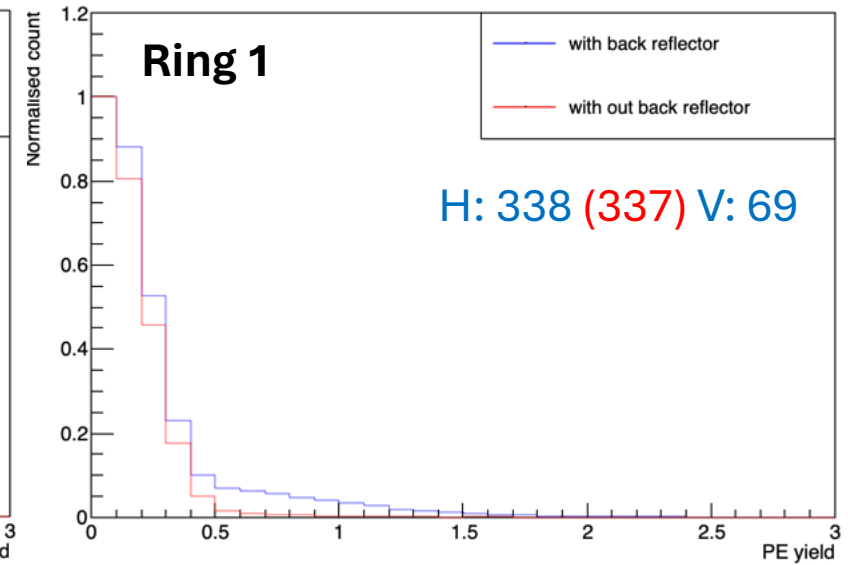
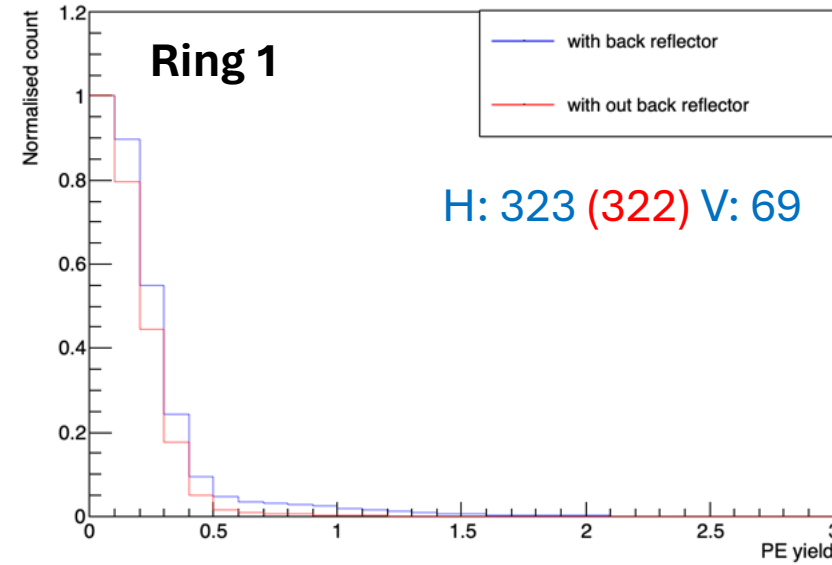
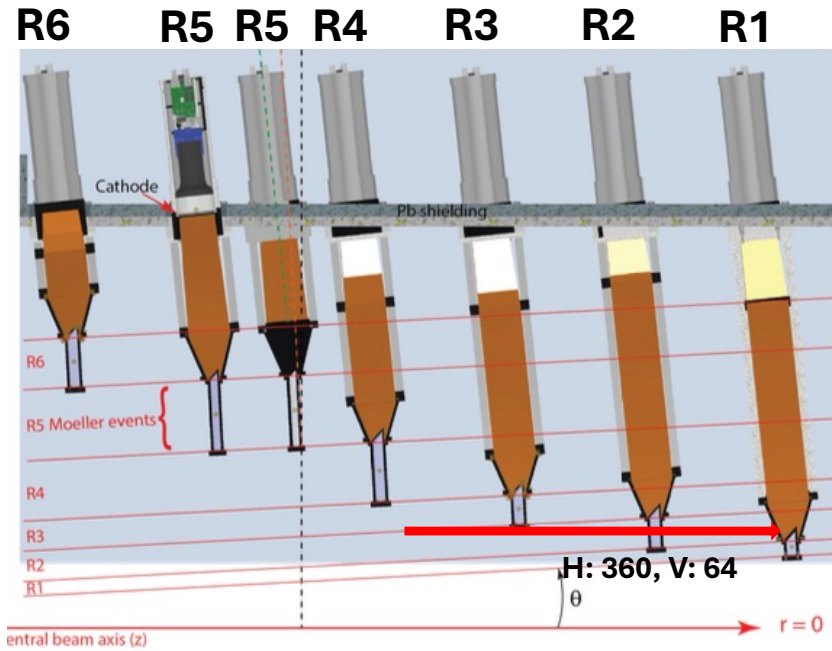
Ring 1: RMS/MEAN & Resolution



- Ring 1 was operated at 900 V
- PMT used: Jlab, 616
- Q1 (@ 900 V) = 5.98 (± 0.10) , 5.42 (± 0.11)
- Gain ($\times 10^6$): 7.5 (± 0.12), 6.8 (± 0.14)
- **Average RMS/MEAN (400–420 mm) ~ 30%**
- Both the Heraeus and Corning quartz tile behave similarly



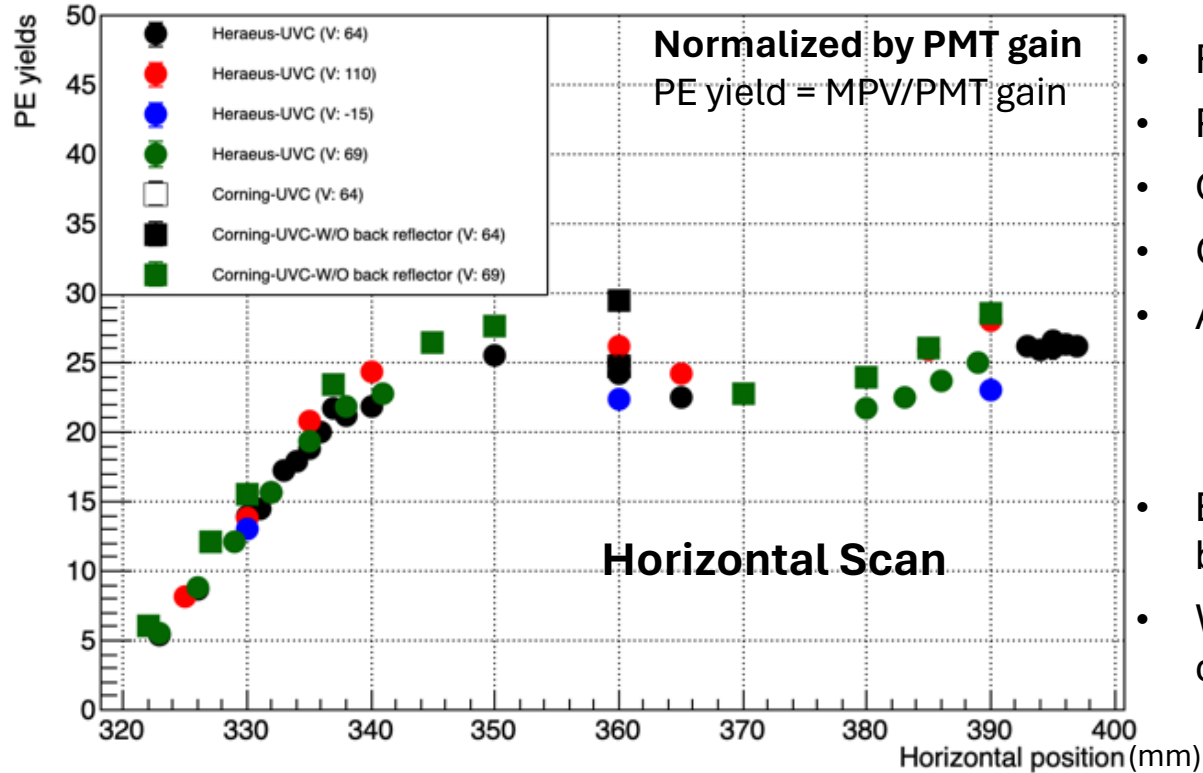
Ring 1: Effect of back reflector panels



- **Beam hitting at Ring 2**
 - Ring 2 center ~ H: 360 V: 64
- **Signal from R1 is studied with and without the back reflector panels**

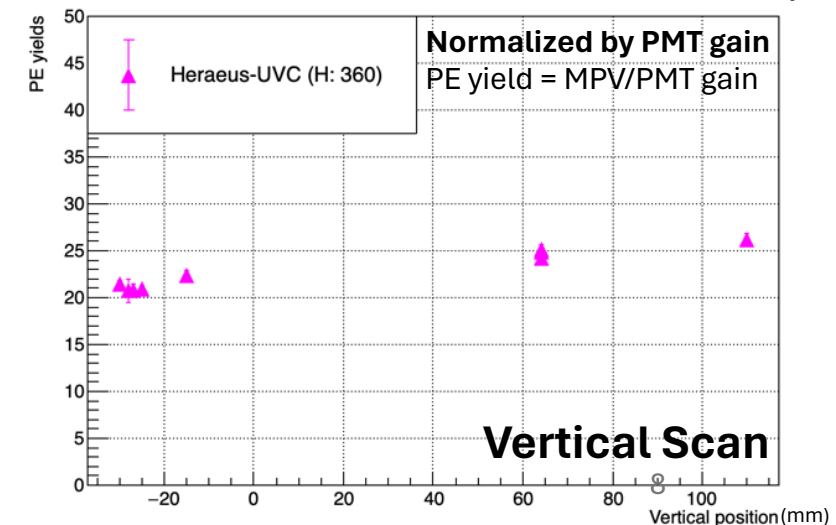
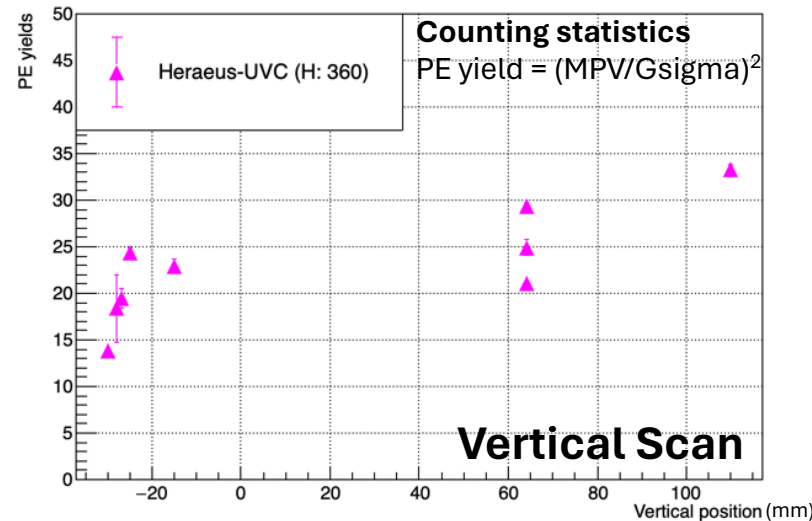
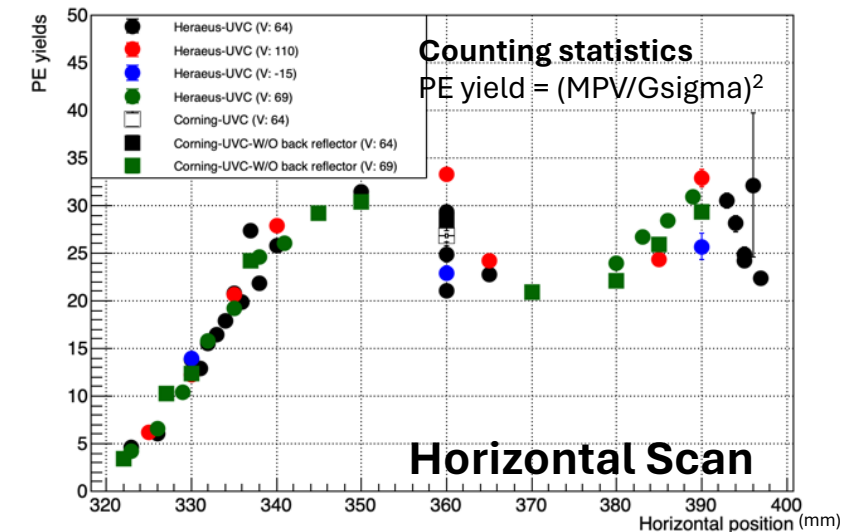
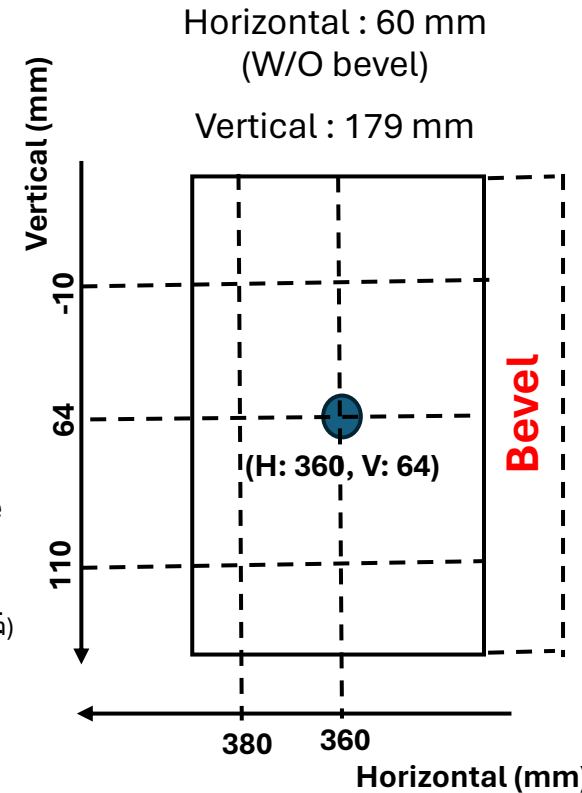
- ✓ **Performance without the back reflector panels seems better**
- ✓ **No change in the PE yield is observed due to the removable of the back reflector panels**

Ring 2: PE yield

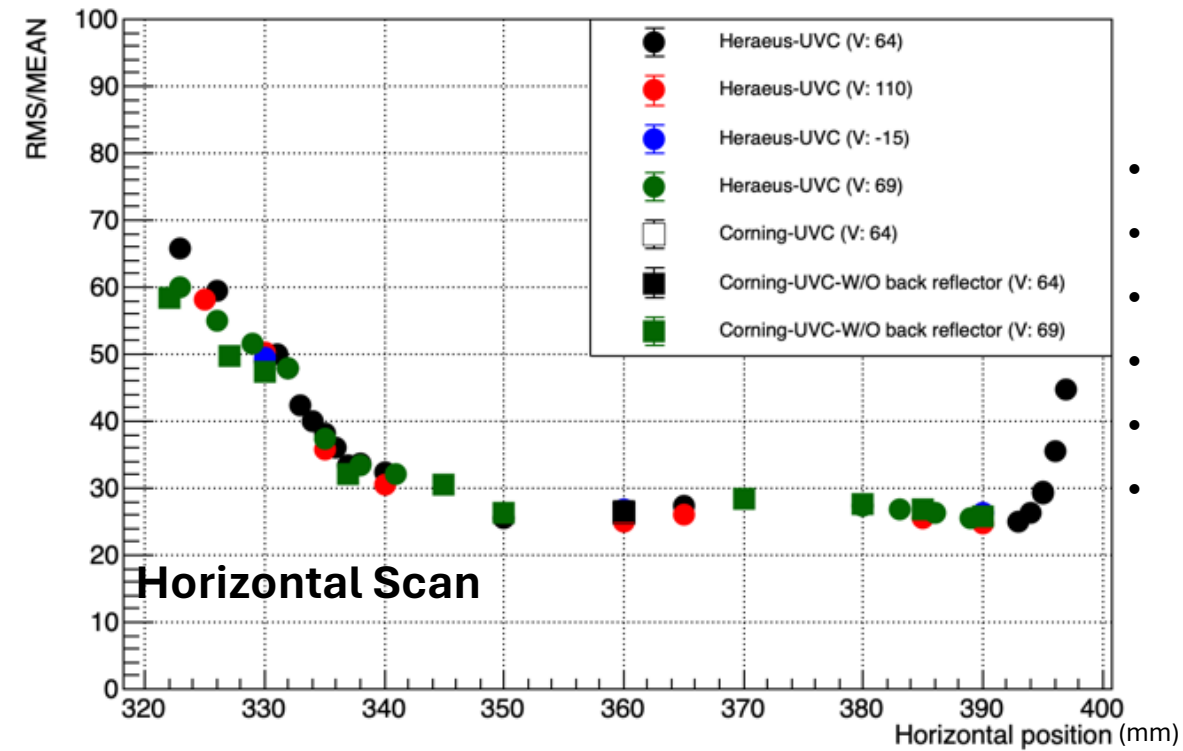


- Ring 2 was operated at 900 V
- PMT used: 616, Jlab
- Q1 (@ 900 V) = 5.42 (± 0.11), 5.98 (± 0.10)
- Gain ($\times 10^6$): 6.8 (± 0.14), 7.5 (± 0.12)
- Average PE yield is (350–400 mm);
 25.0 ± 0.10 (gain norm.)
 24.89 ± 0.07 (counting stat.)
- Both the Heraeus and Corning quartz tile behave similarly
- With out the back reflectors no significant change in the PE yield is observed

Ring 2 dimensions:

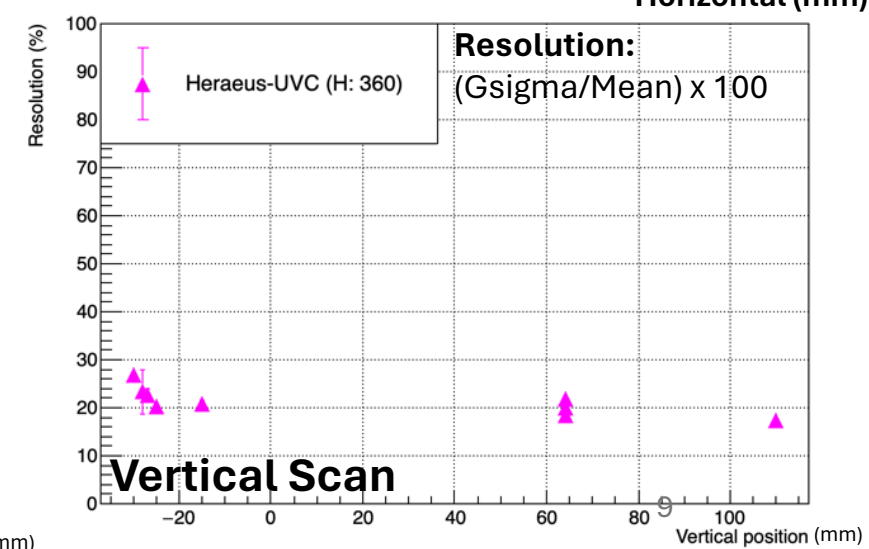
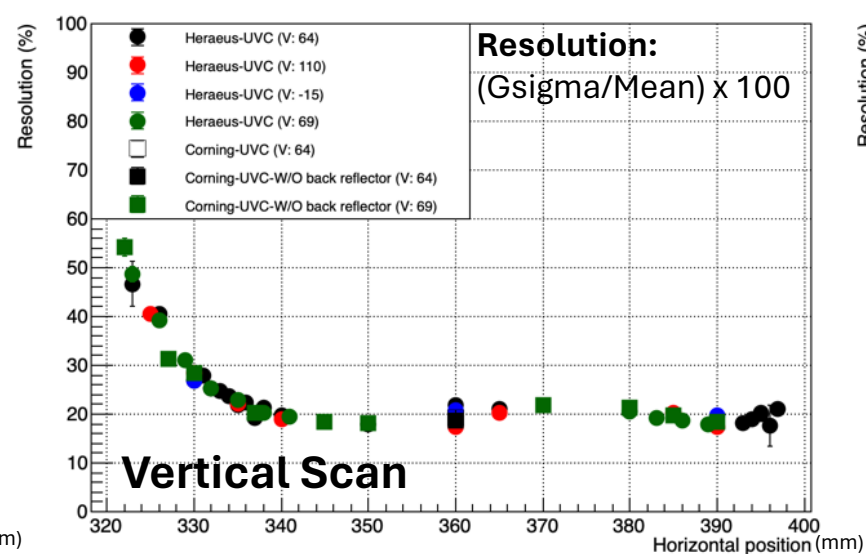
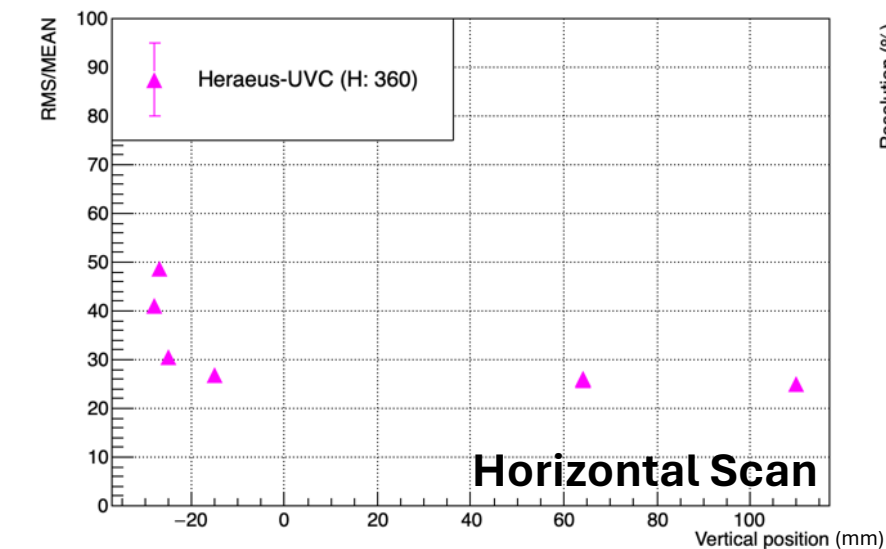
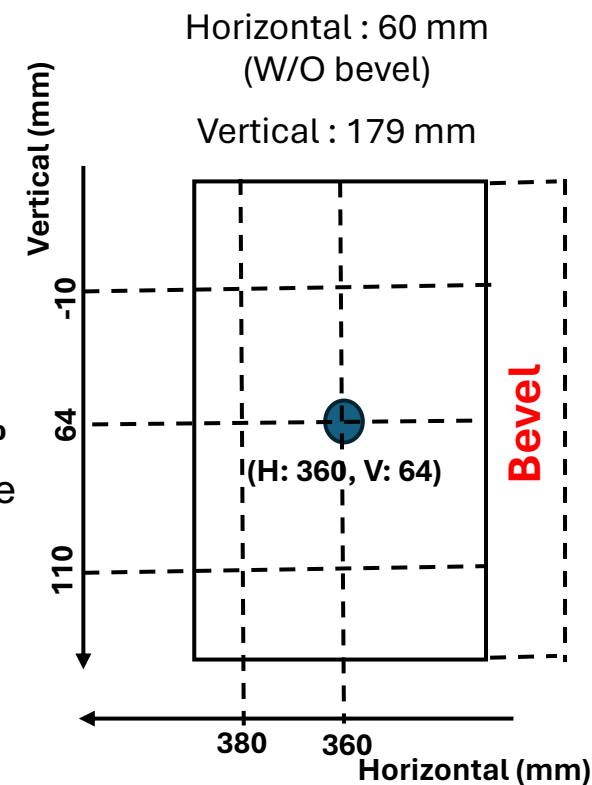


Ring 2: Resolution & RMS/MEAN

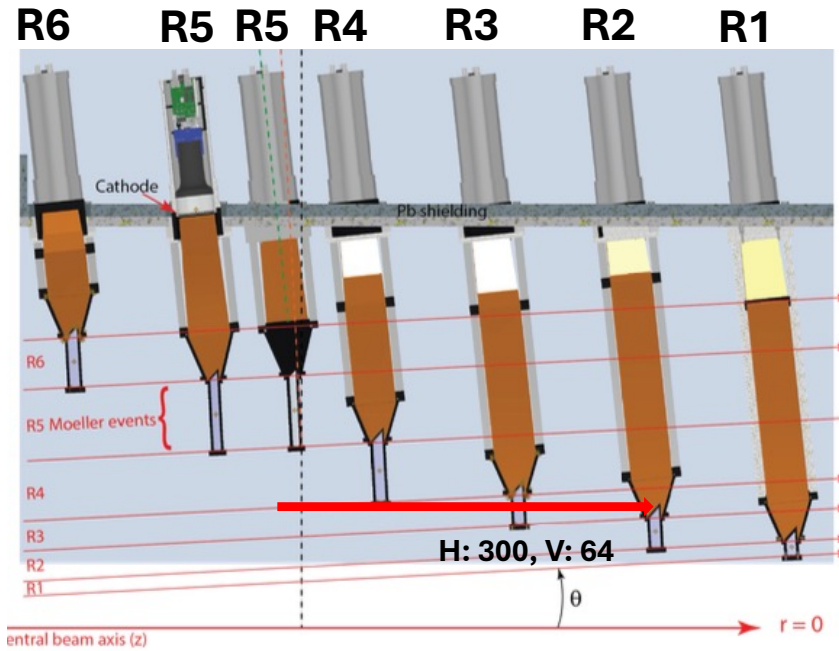


- Ring 2 was operated at 900 V
- PMT used: 616, Jlab
- Q1 (@ 900 V) = 5.42 (± 0.11), 5.98 (± 0.10)
- Gain ($\times 10^6$): 6.8 (± 0.14), 7.5 (± 0.12)
- **Average RMS/MEAN (400–420 mm) ~ 28%**
- Both the Heraeus and Corning quartz tile behave similarly

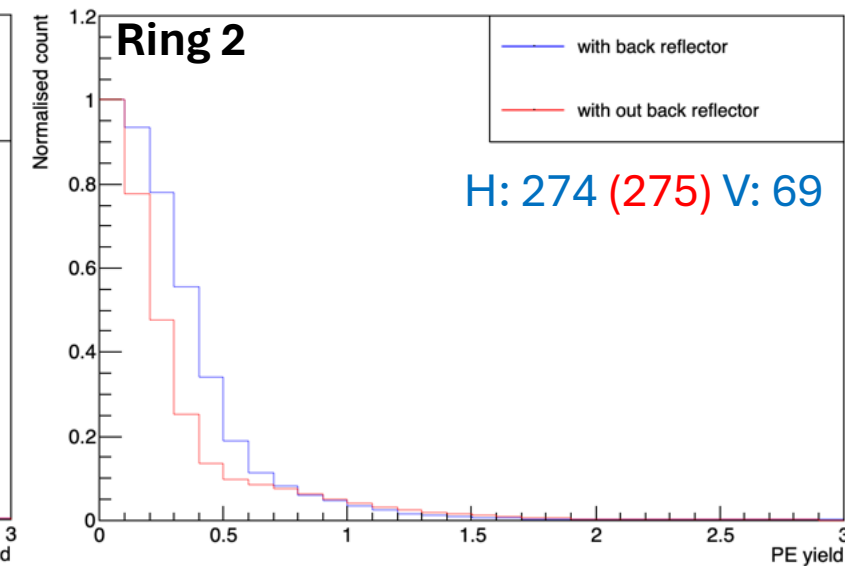
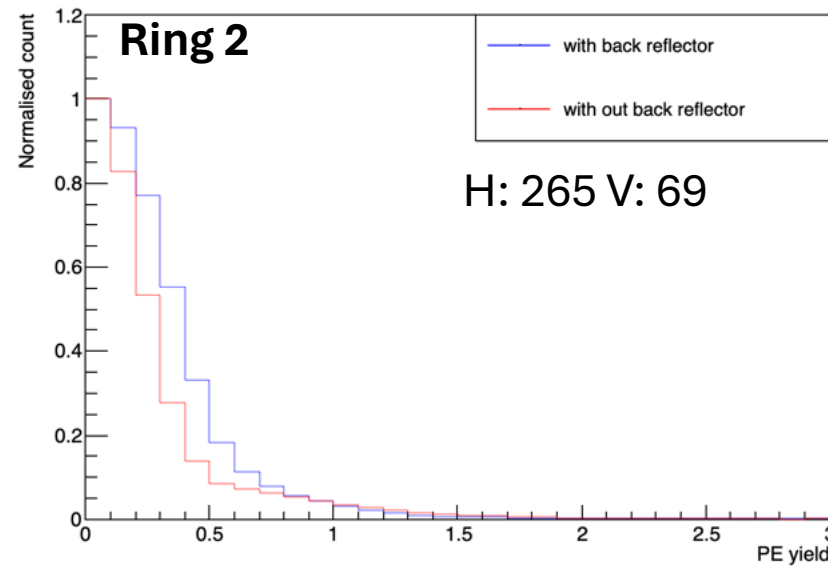
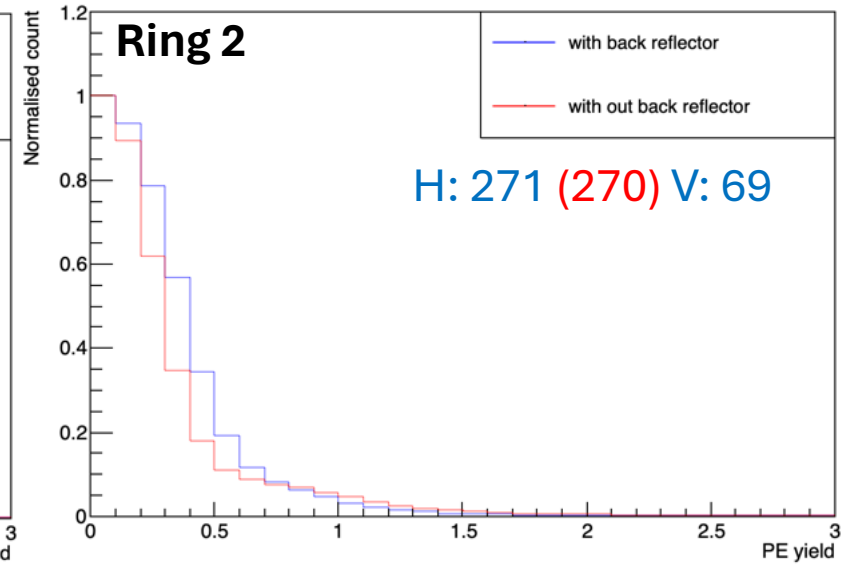
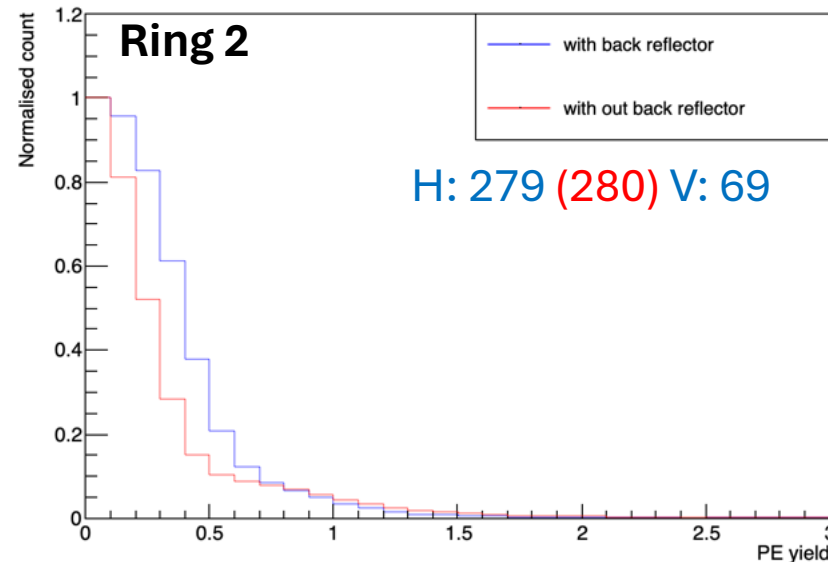
Ring 2 dimensions:



Ring 2: Effect of back reflector panels

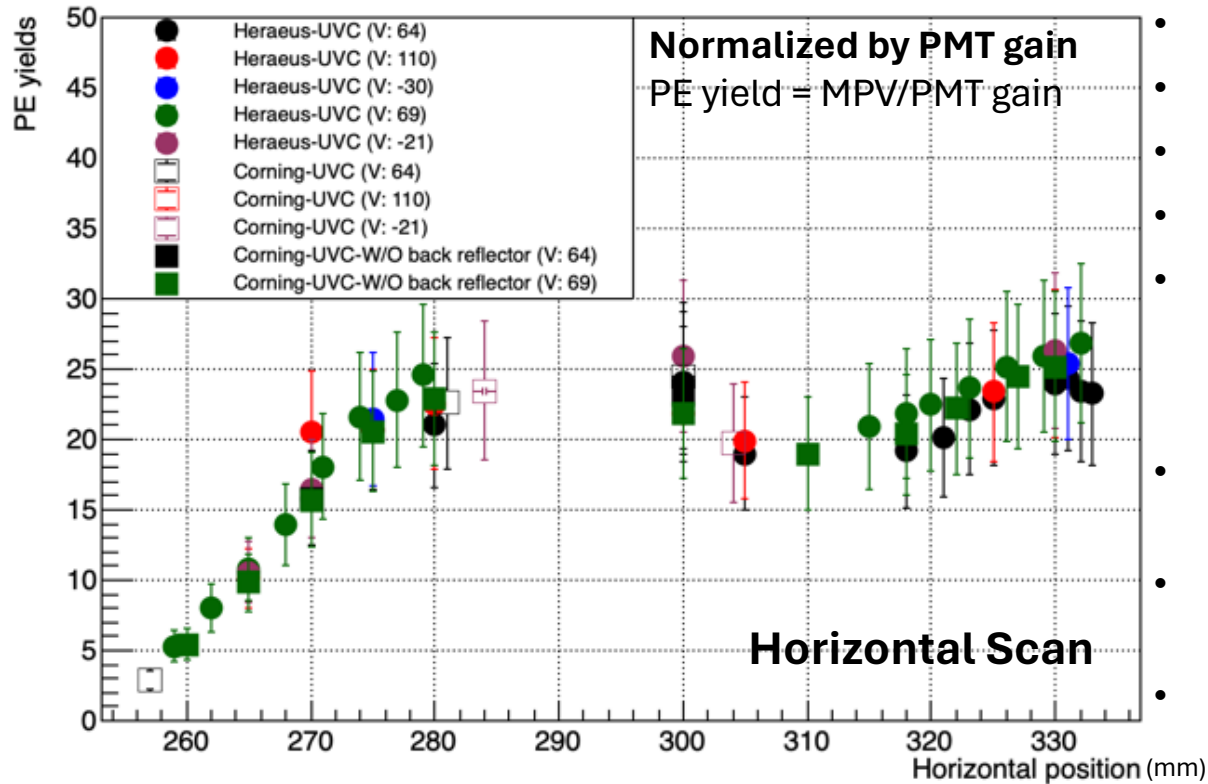


- **Beam hitting at Ring 3**
 - Ring 3 center \sim H: 300 V: 64
- **Signal from R2 is studied with and without the back reflector panels**



- ✓ **Performance without the back reflector panels seems better**
- ✓ **No change in the PE yield is observed due to the removable of the back reflector panels**

Ring 3: PE yield

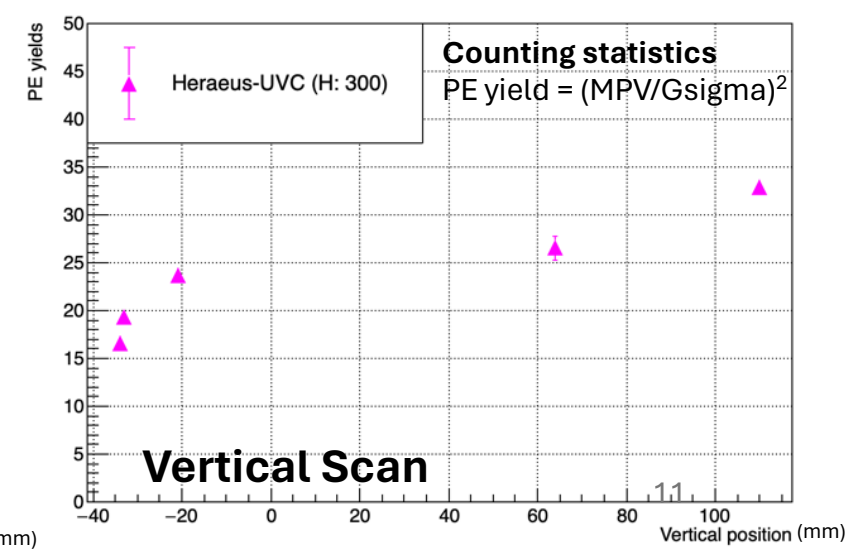
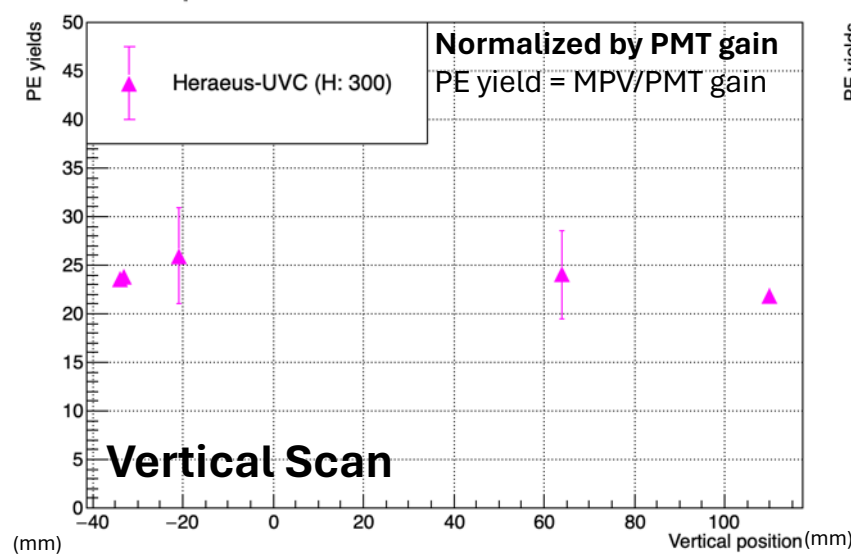
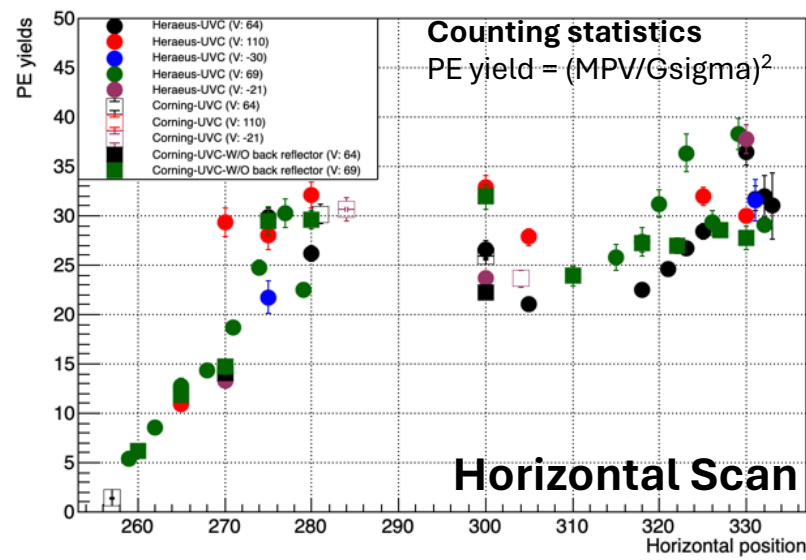
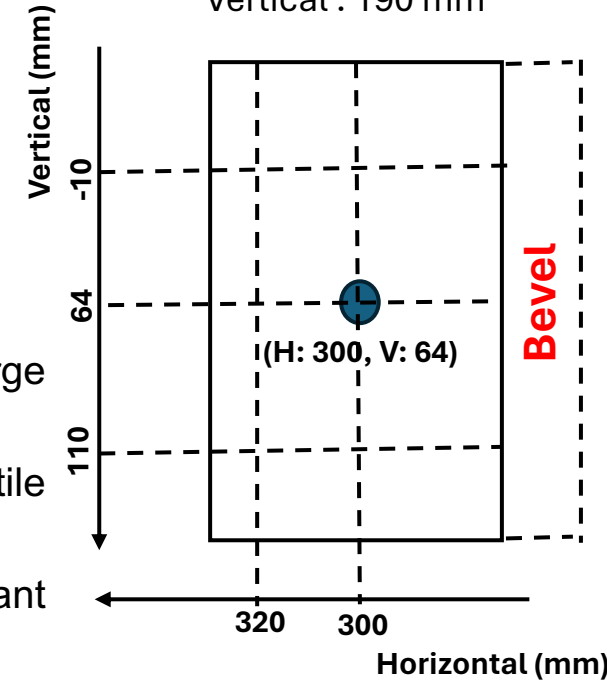


- Ring 3 was operated at 850 V
- PMT used: 542
- Q1 (@ 850 V) = $4.86 (\pm 1.01)$
- Gain ($\times 10^6$): $6.1 (\pm 1.3)$
- Average PE yield is (280–340 mm);
 22.51 ± 0.77 (gain norm.)
 24.94 ± 0.09 (counting stat.)
- The higher error bar is due to the large error in Q1
- Both the Heraeus and Corning quartz tile behave similarly
- With out the back reflectors no significant change in the PE yield is observed

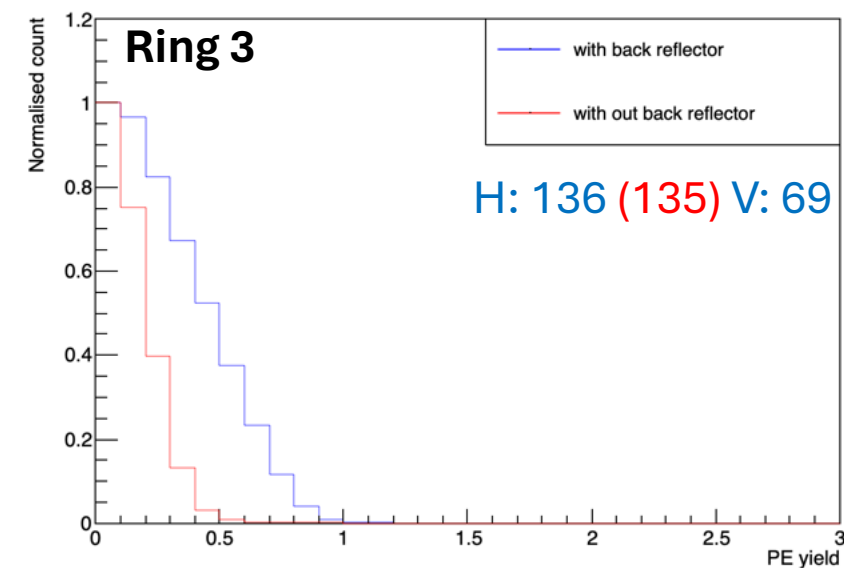
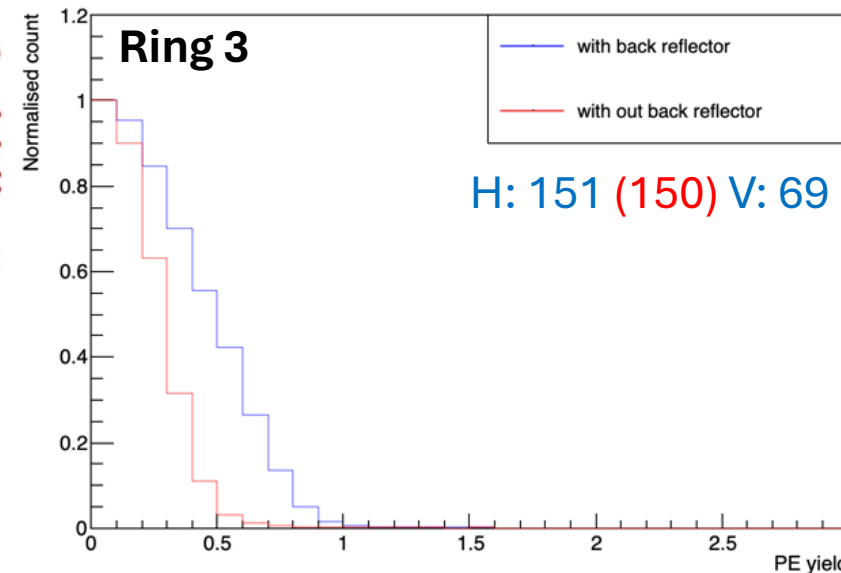
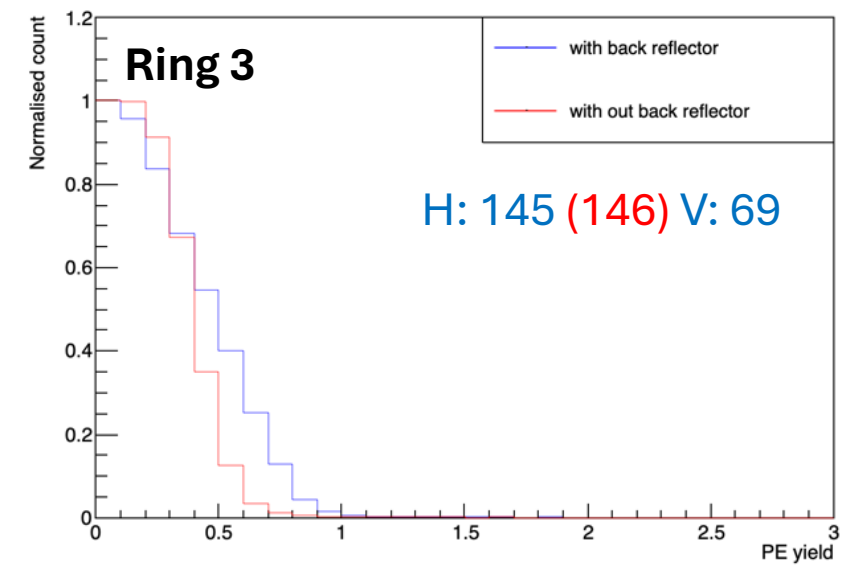
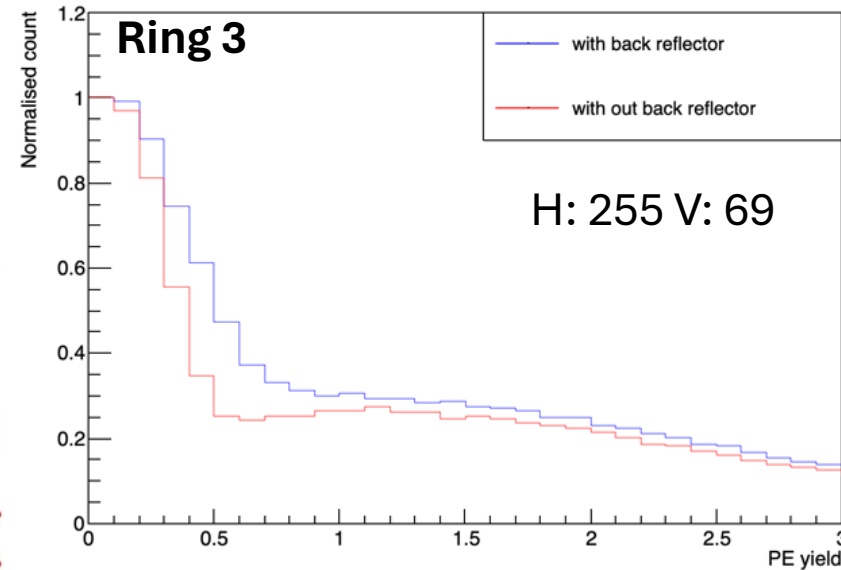
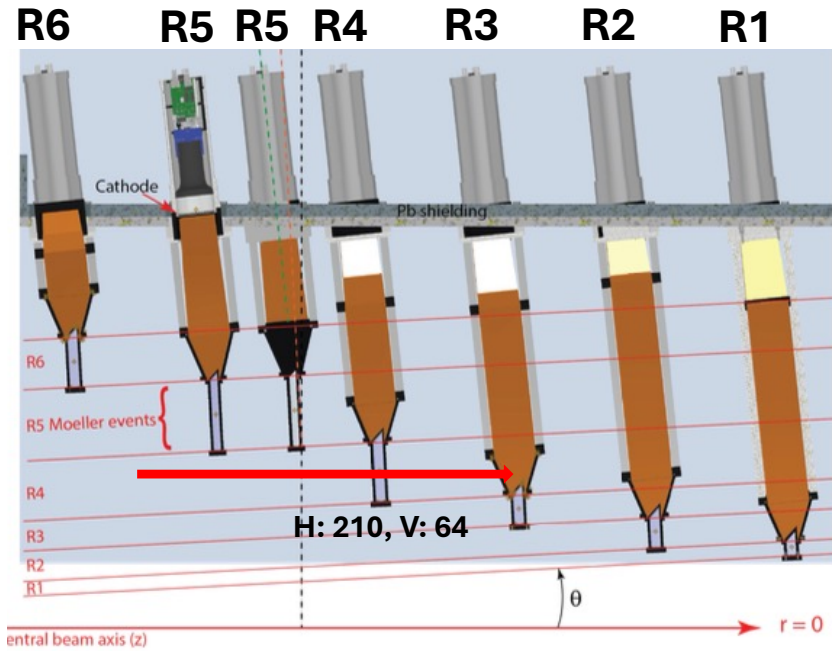
Ring 3 dimensions:

Horizontal : 60 mm
(W/O bevel)

Vertical : 190 mm



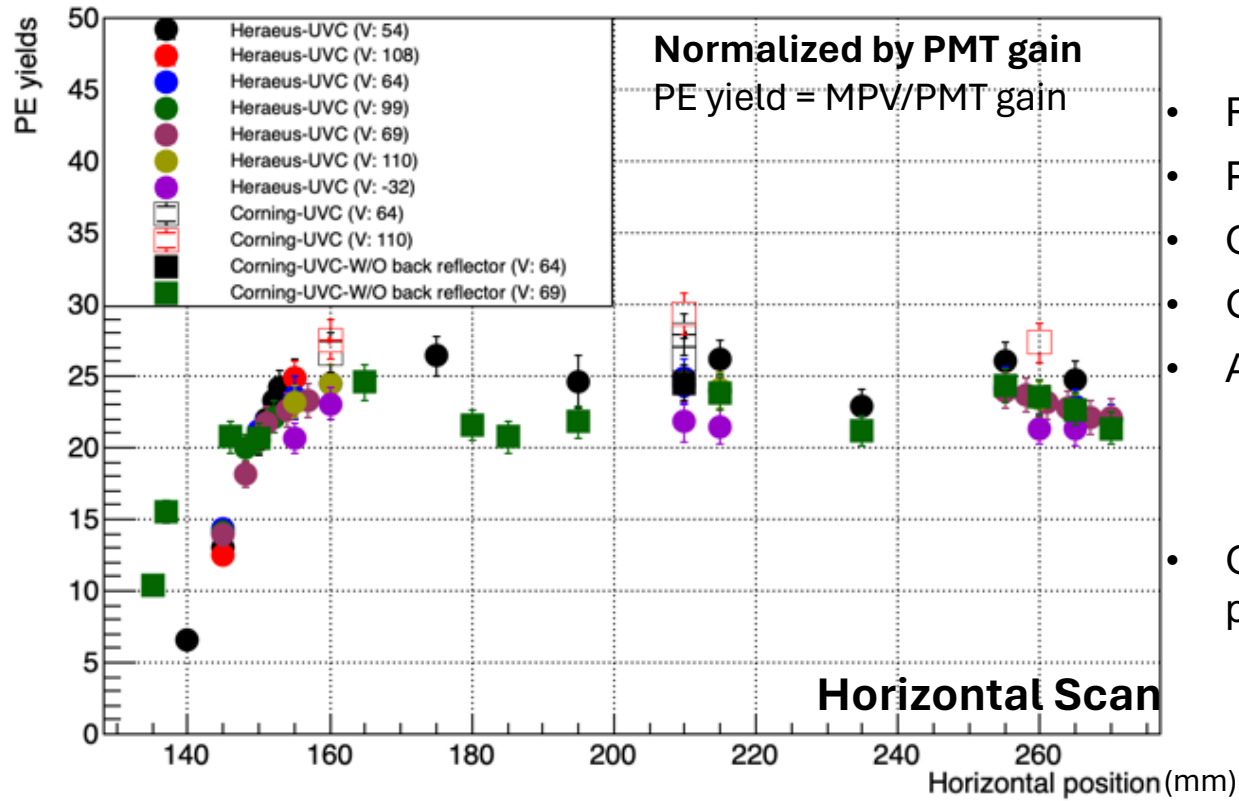
Ring 3: Effect of back reflector panels



- **Beam hitting at Ring 4**
 - Ring 4 center ~ H: 210 V: 64
- **Signal from R3 is studied with and without the back reflector panels**

- ✓ **Performance without the back reflector panels seems better**
- ✓ **No change in the PE yield is observed due to the removable of the back reflector panels**

Ring 4: PE yield

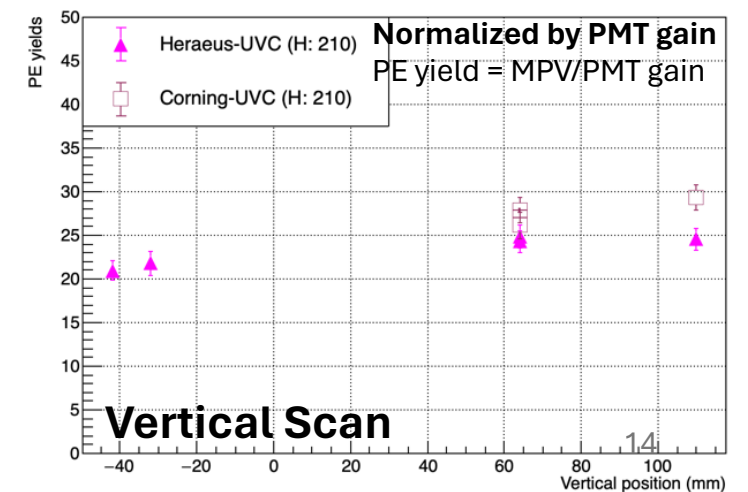
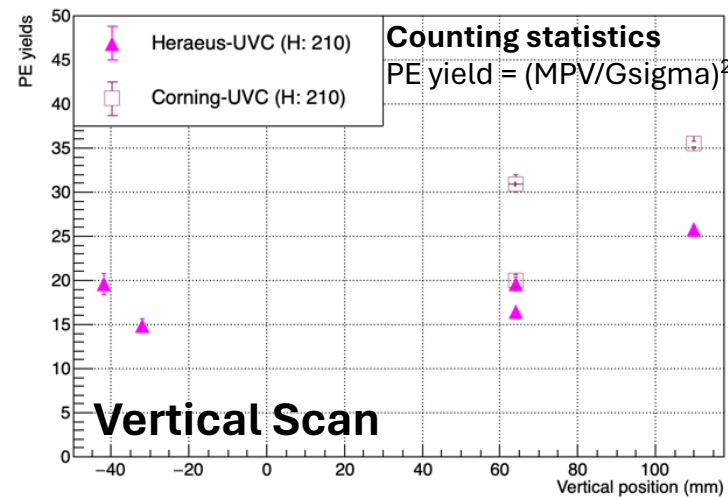
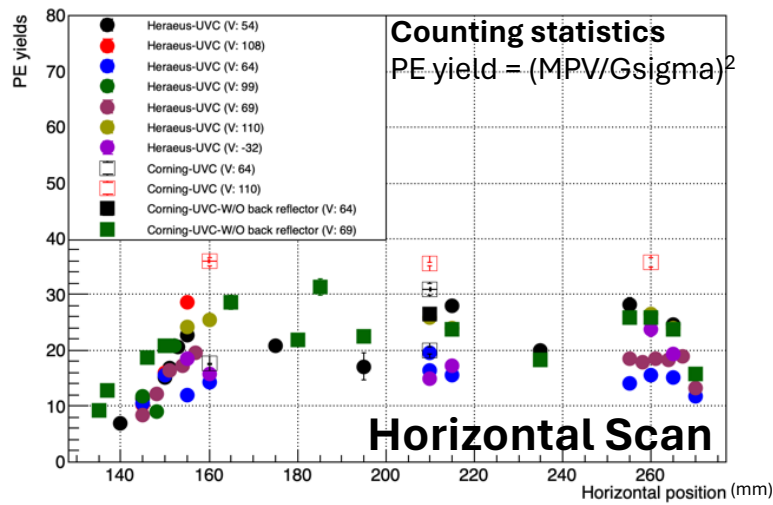
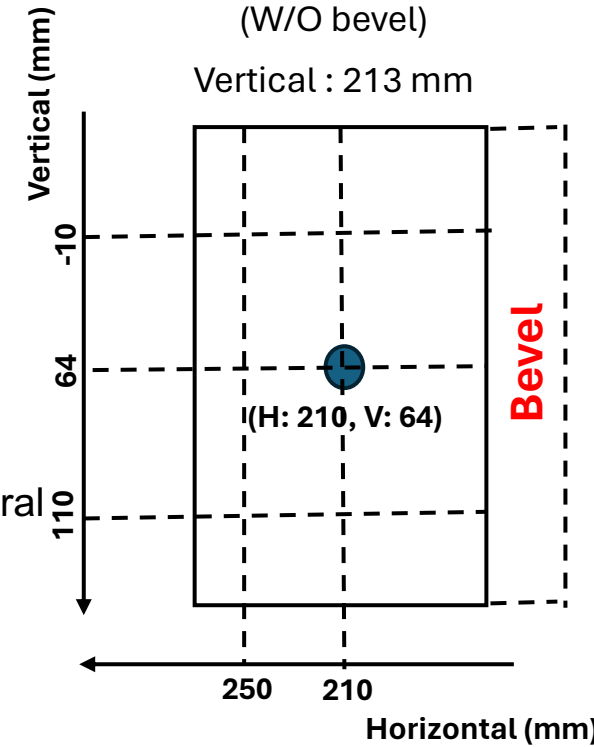


- Ring 4 was operated at 975 V
- PMT used: 539
- Q1 (@ 850 V) = 5.21 (± 0.26)
- Gain ($\times 10^6$): 6.5 (± 0.3)
- Average PE yield is (160–280 mm);
 23.58 ± 0.18 (gain norm.)
 18.02 ± 0.04 (counting stat.)
- Observed larger variation at the central position of the quartz tile

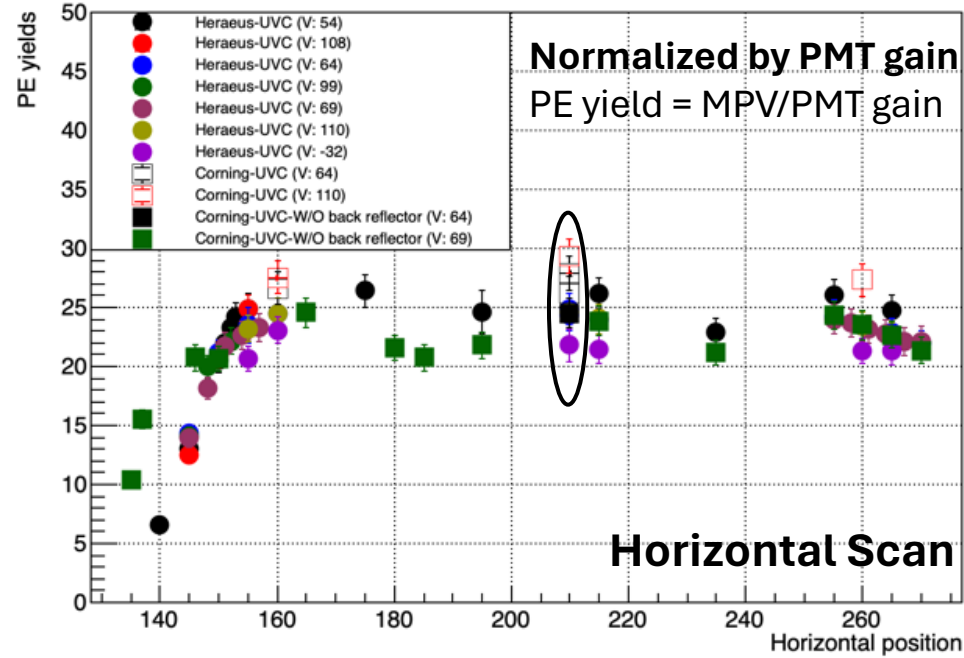
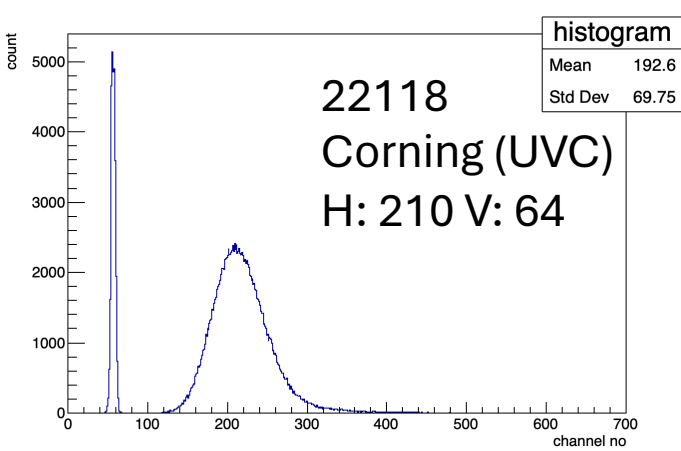
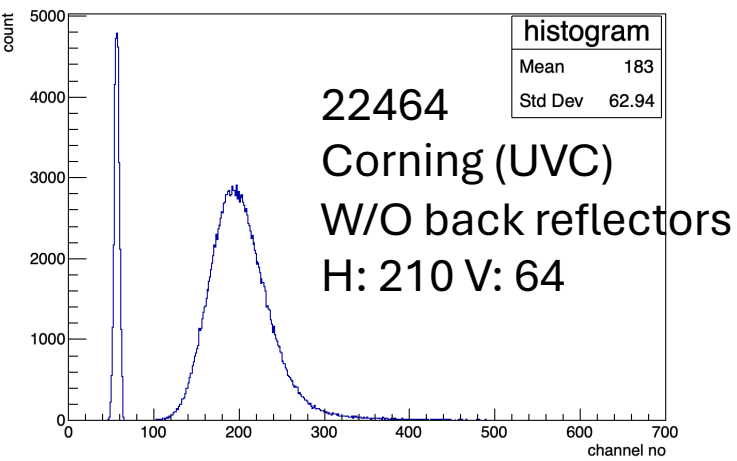
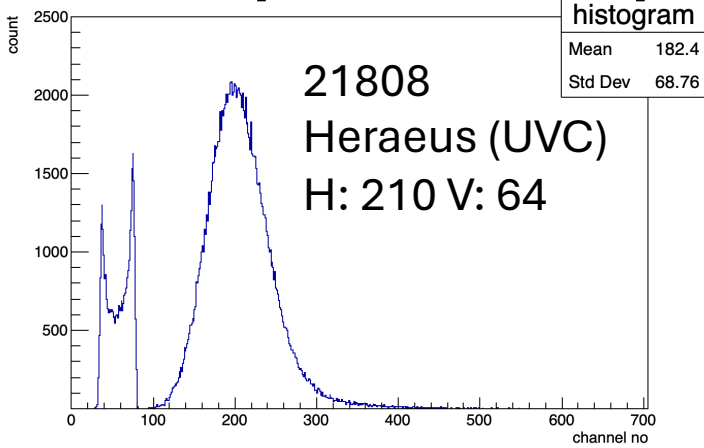
Ring 4 dimensions:

Horizontal : 120 mm
(W/O bevel)

Vertical : 213 mm



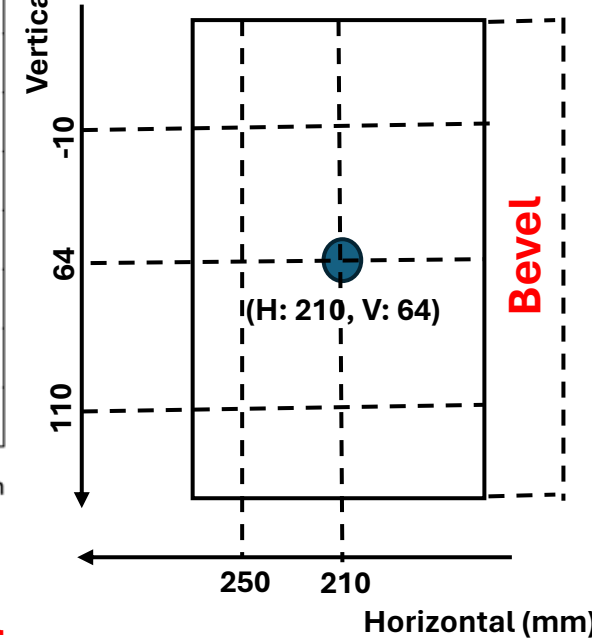
Double peaks in the pedestal



Ring 4 dimensions:

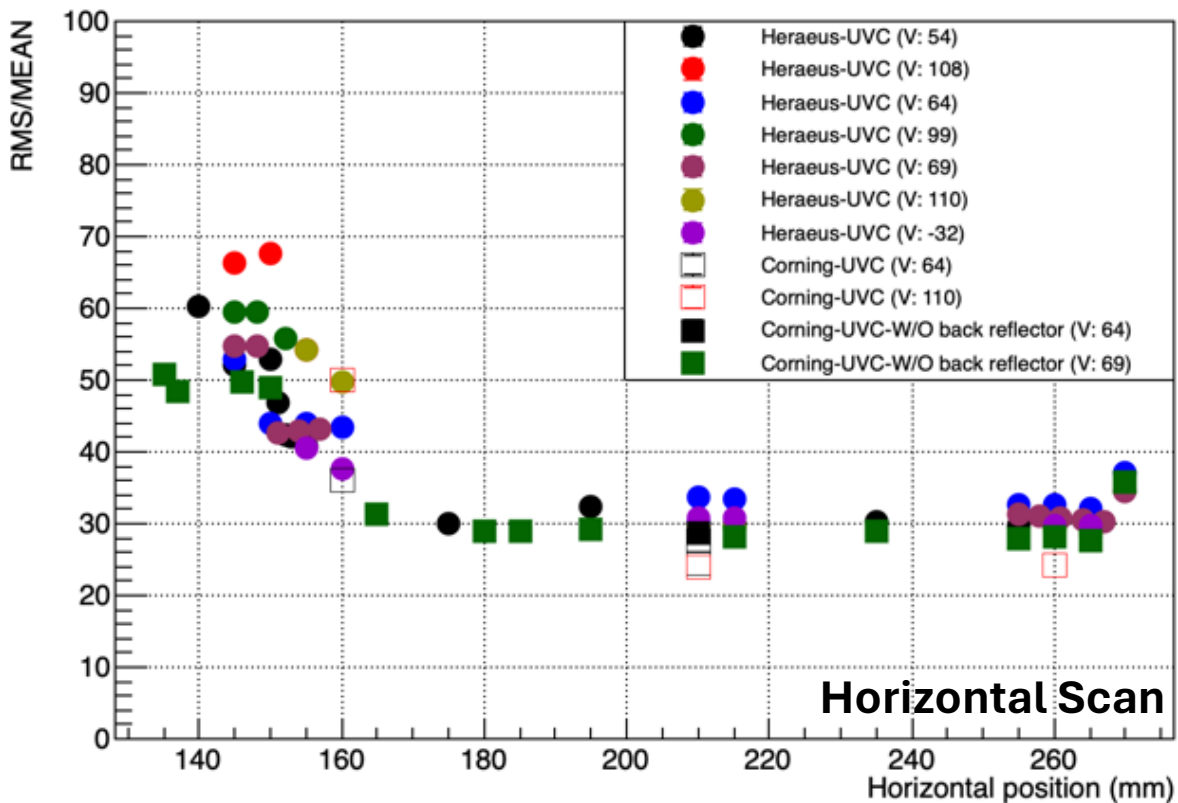
Horizontal : 120 mm
(W/O bevel)

Vertical : 213 mm



- Couple of runs show multiple peaks in the pedestal
- Due to that some changes in the PE yield is observed
- The reason behind observing the multiple pedestal could be due to the bad cable connection or fluctuation in the LV power supply

Ring 4: Resolution & RMS/MEAN

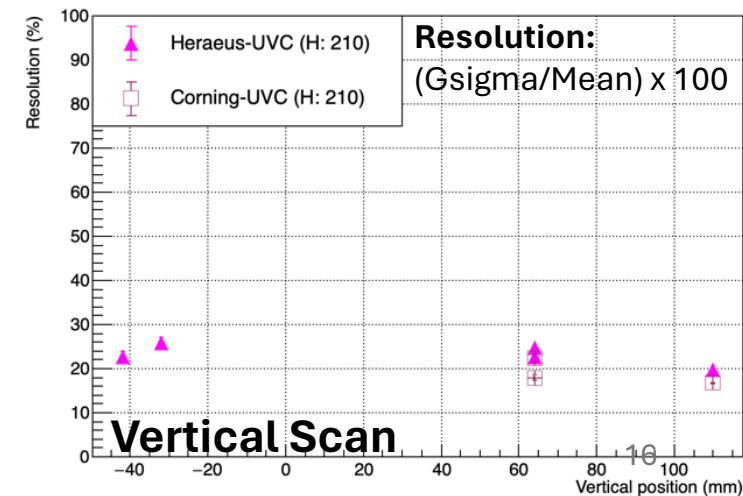
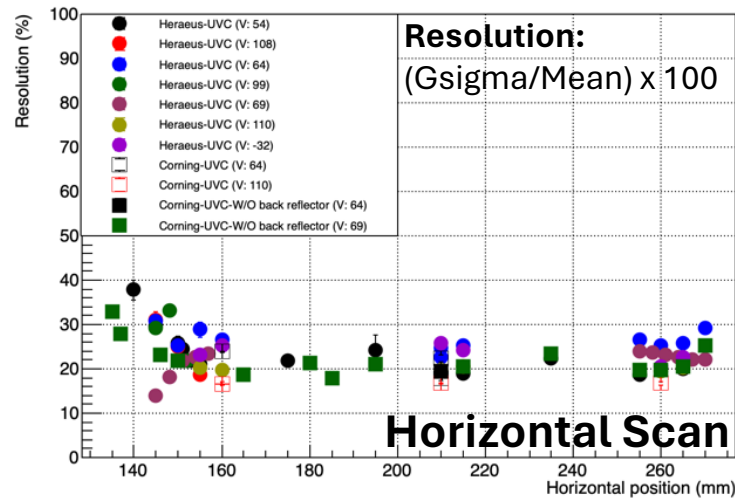
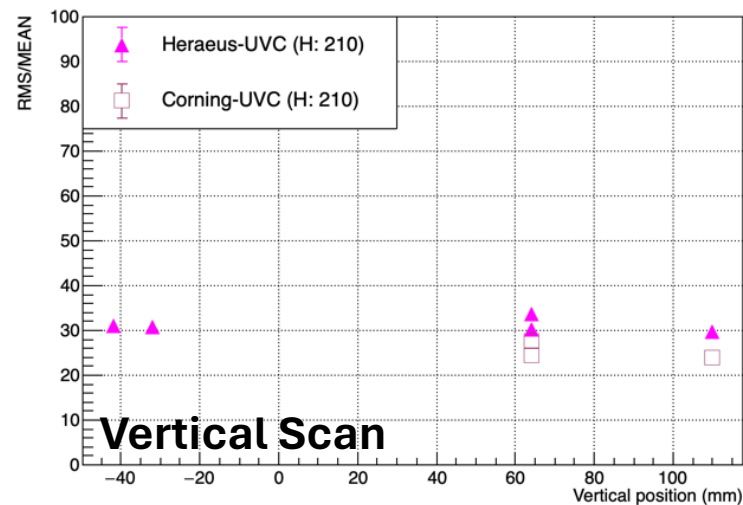
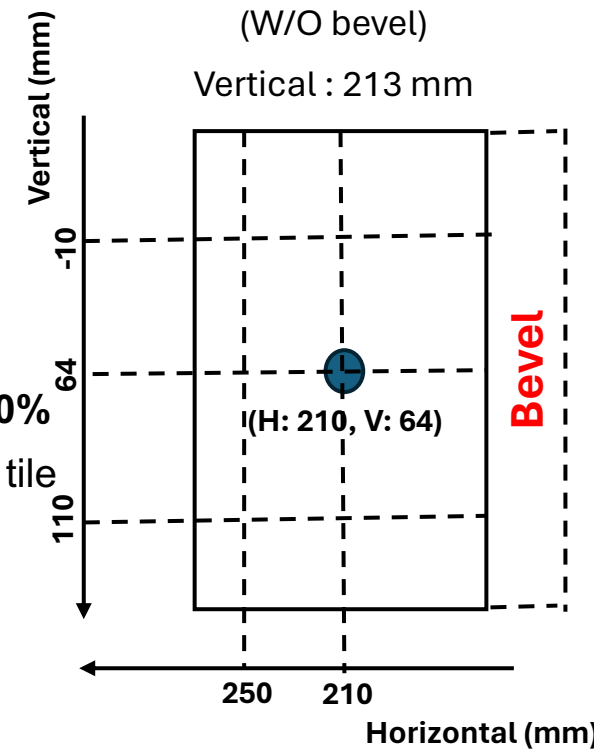


- Ring 4 was operated at 975 V
- PMT used: 539
- Q1 (@ 850 V) = 5.21 (+0.26)
- Gain ($\times 10^6$): 6.5 (+0.3)
- Average **RMS/MEAN (160-280 mm) ~ 30%**
- Both the Heraeus and Corning quartz tile behave similarly

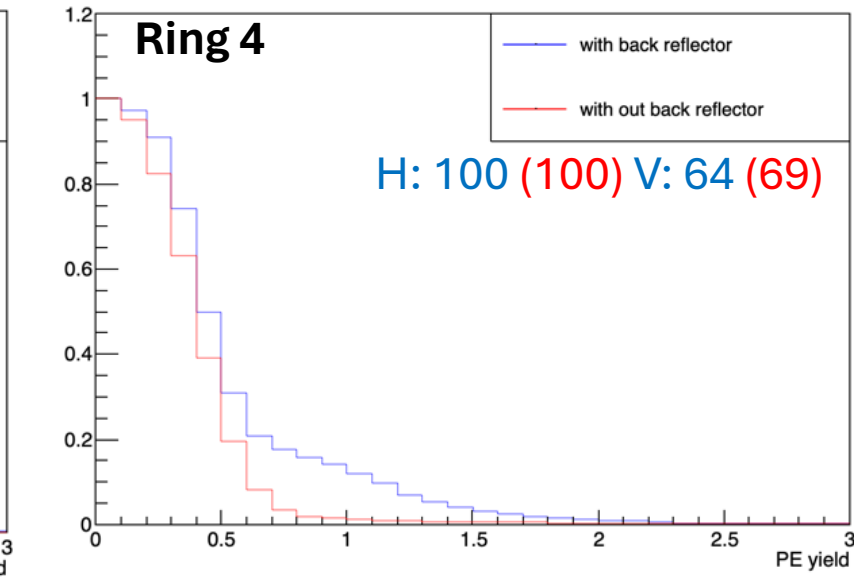
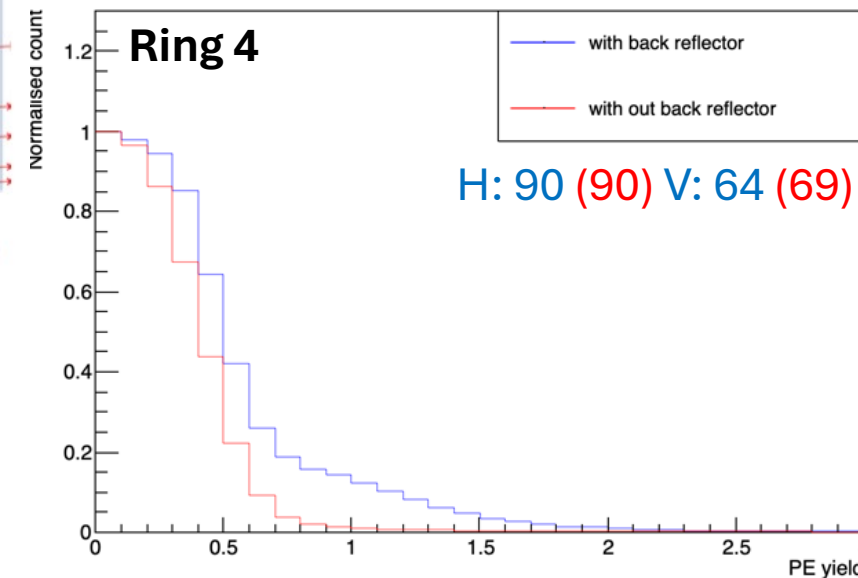
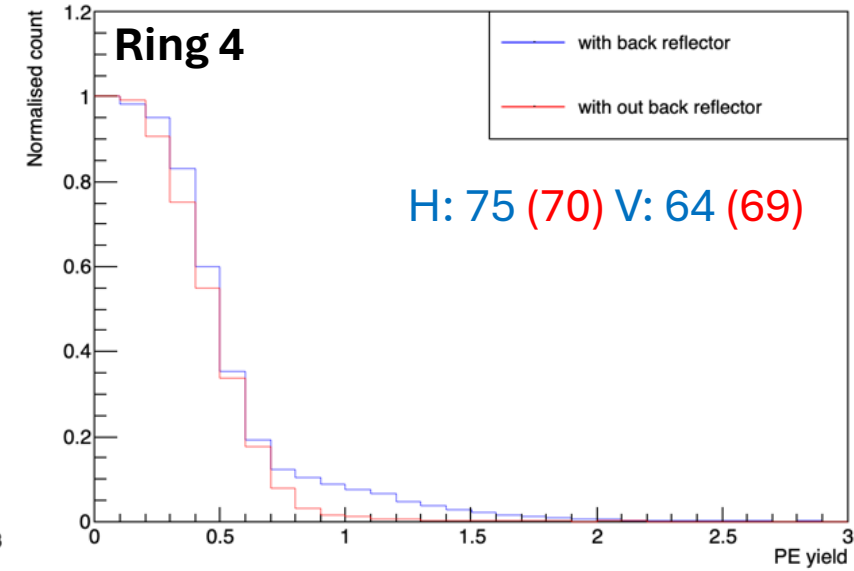
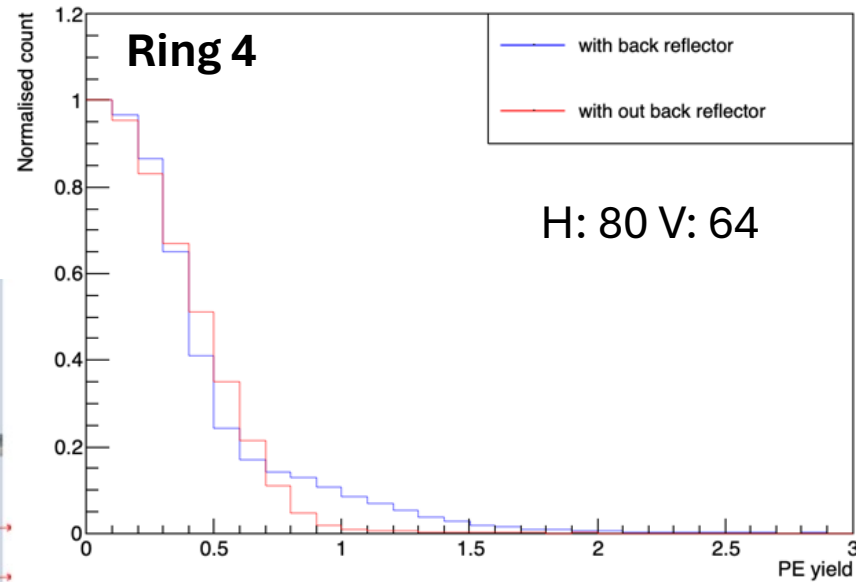
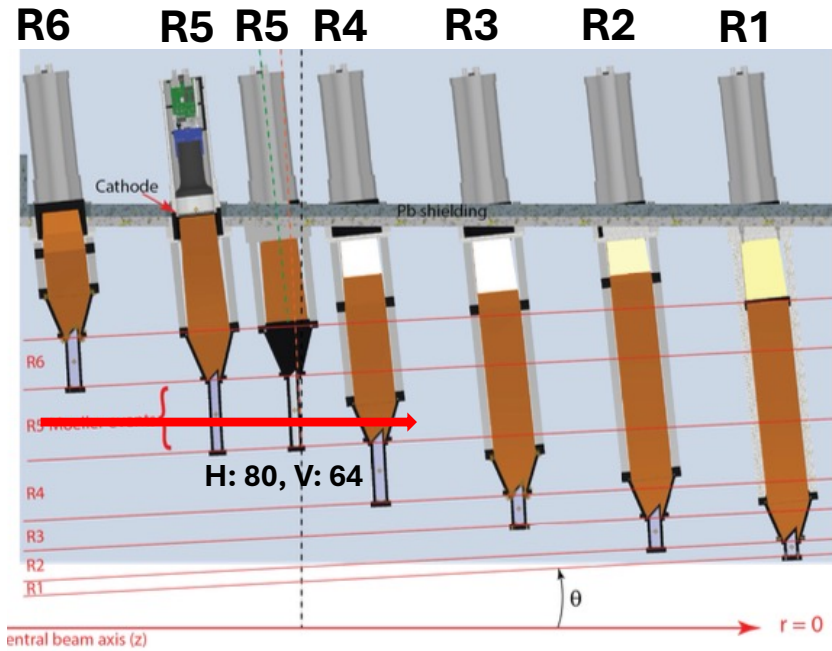
Ring 4 dimensions:

Horizontal : 120 mm
(W/O bevel)

Vertical : 213 mm



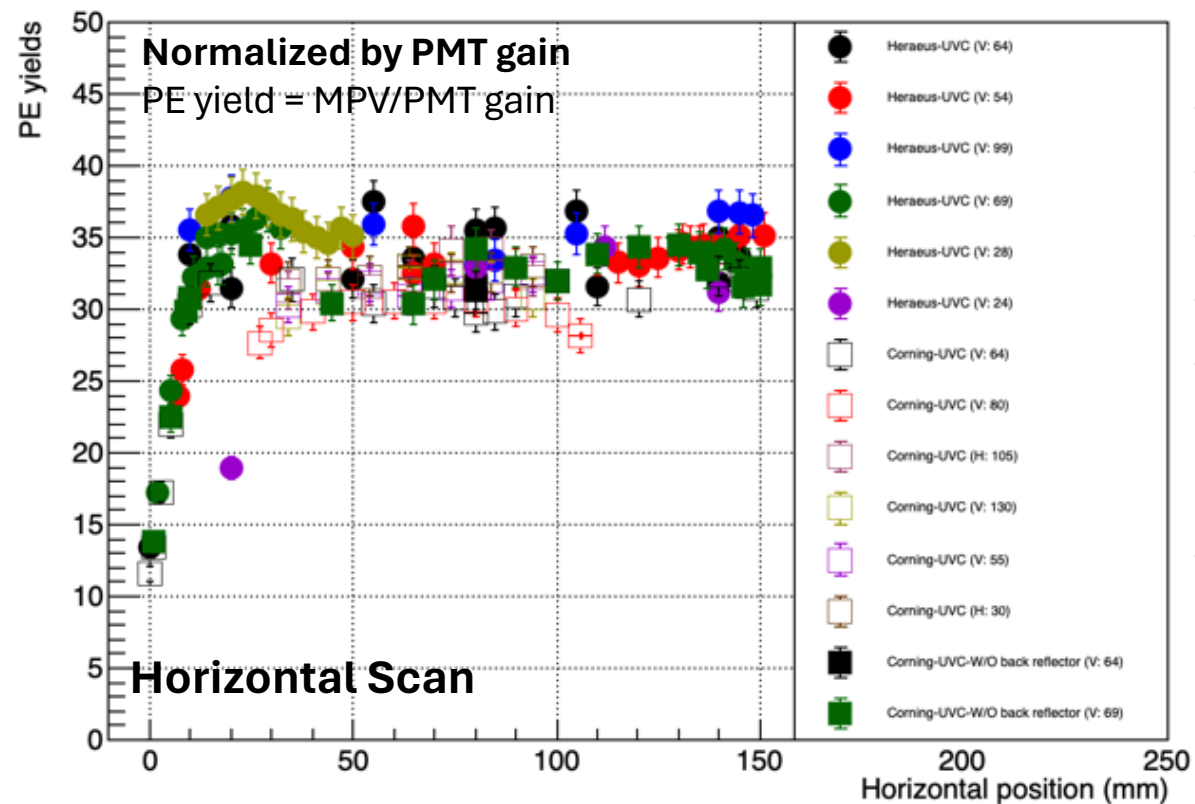
Ring 4: Effect of back reflector panels



- **Beam hitting at Ring 5 BF**
 - Ring 5 BF center \sim H: 80 V: 64
- **Signal from R4 is studied with and without the back reflector panels**

- ✓ **Performance without the back reflector panels seems better**
- ✓ **No change in the PE yield is observed due to the removable of the back reflector panels**

Ring 5 BF: PE yield

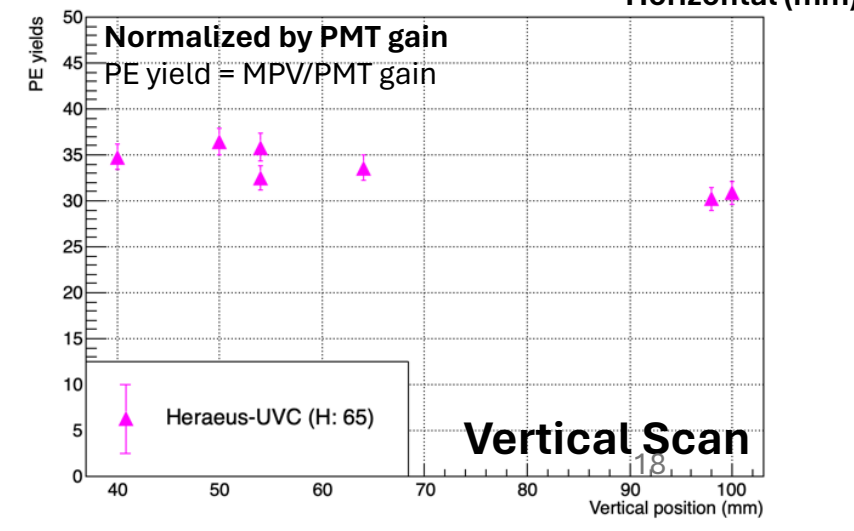
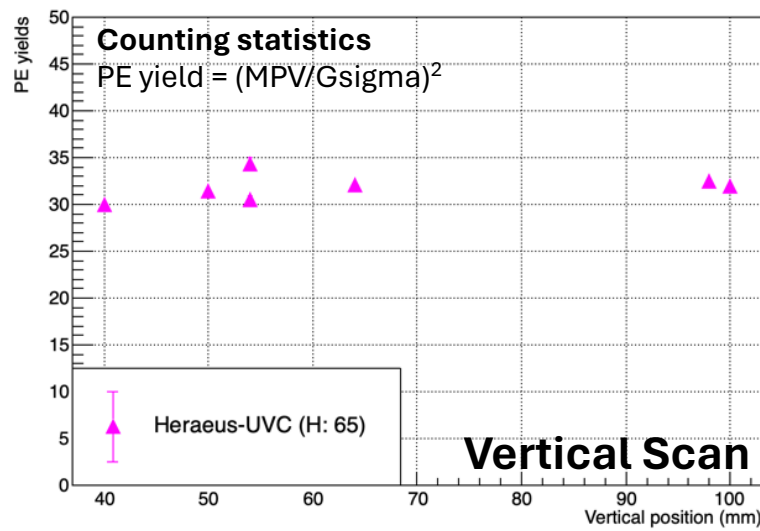
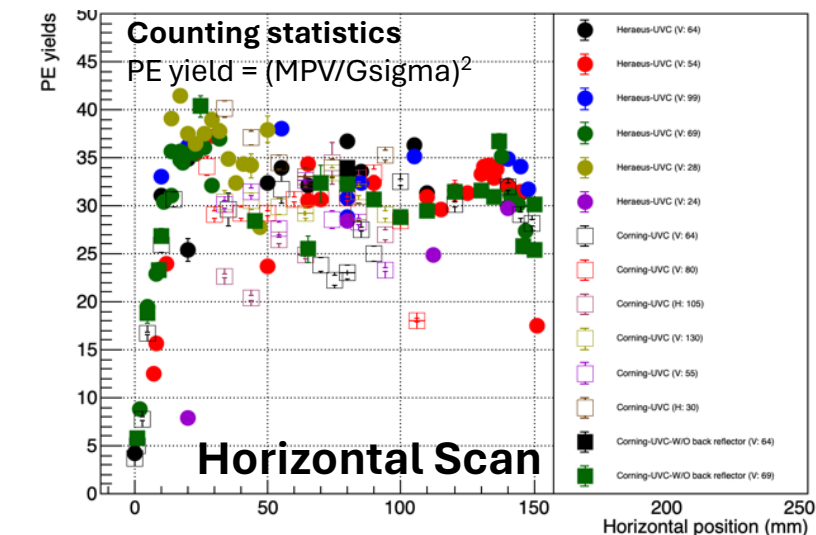
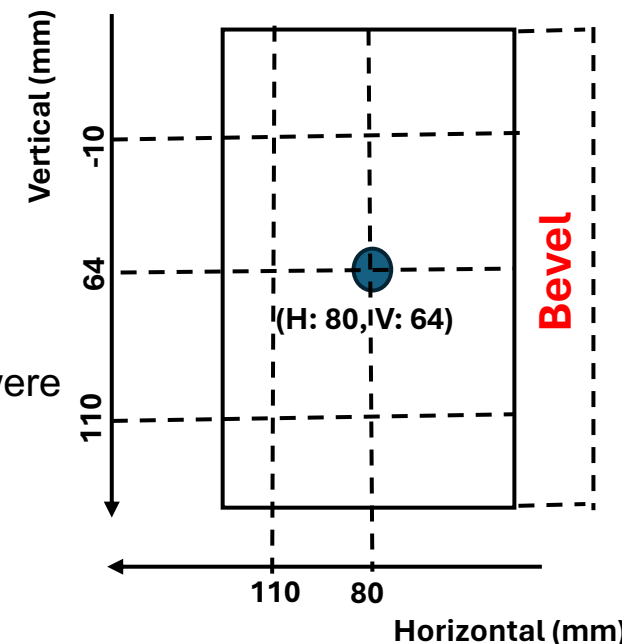


- Ring 5 BF was operated at 950 V
- PMT used: 539
- Q1 (@ 850 V) = 2.83 (± 0.11)
- Gain ($\times 10^6$): 3.5 (± 0.1)
- Average PE yield is (70–150 mm);
 32.0 ± 0.16 (gain norm.)
 29.84 ± 0.04 (counting stat.)
- The Ring5 BF Corning quartz tiles were polished from China

Ring 5 BF dimensions:

Horizontal : 140 mm
(W/O bevel)

Vertical : 80 mm

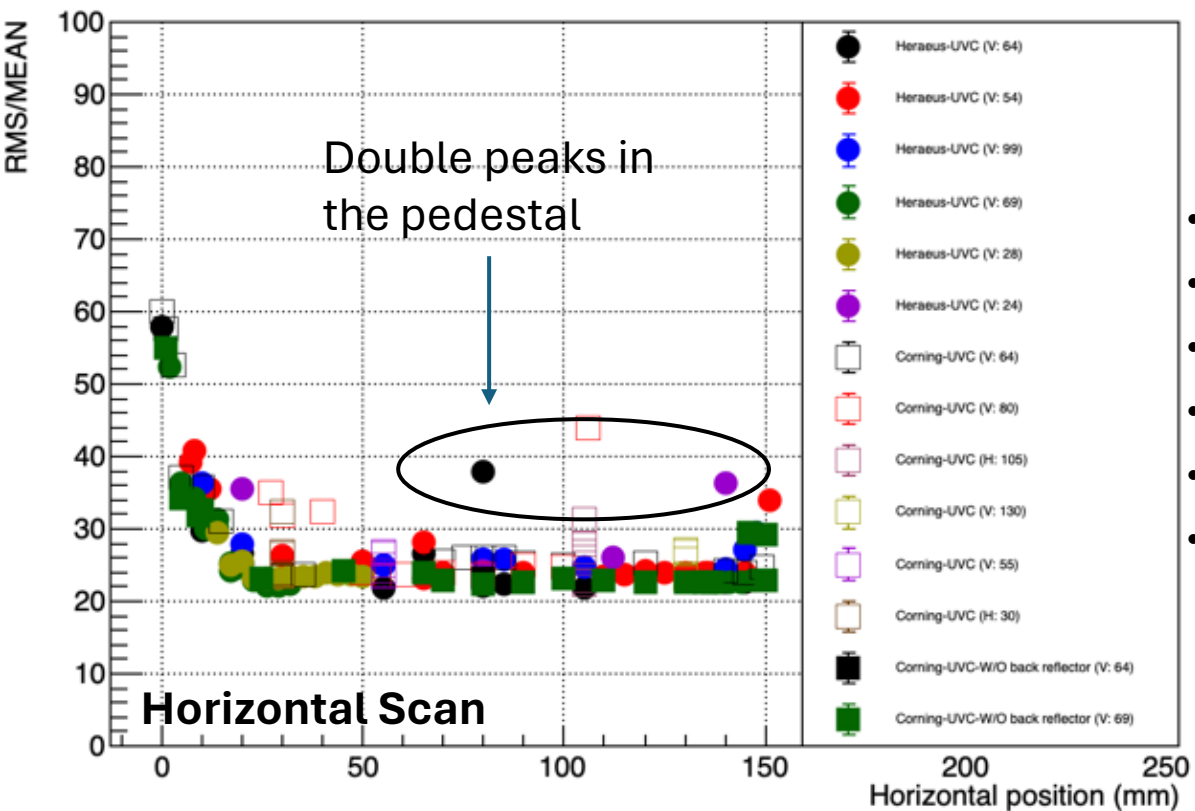


Ring 5 BF: Resolution & RMS/MEAN

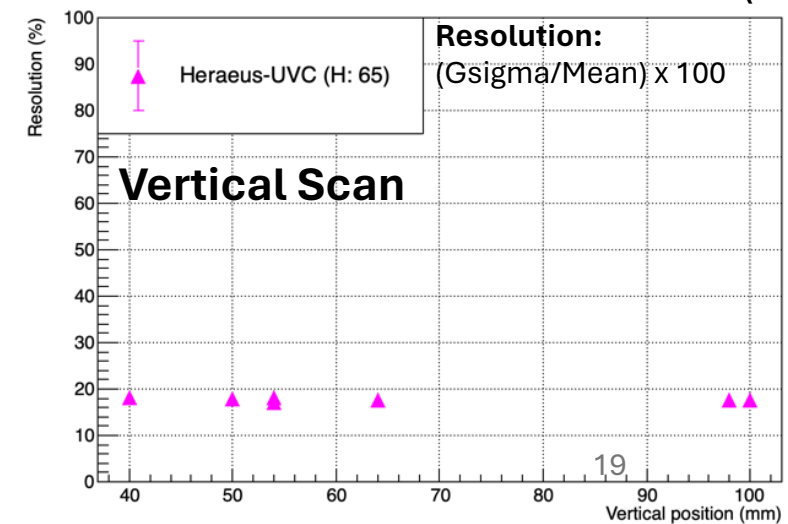
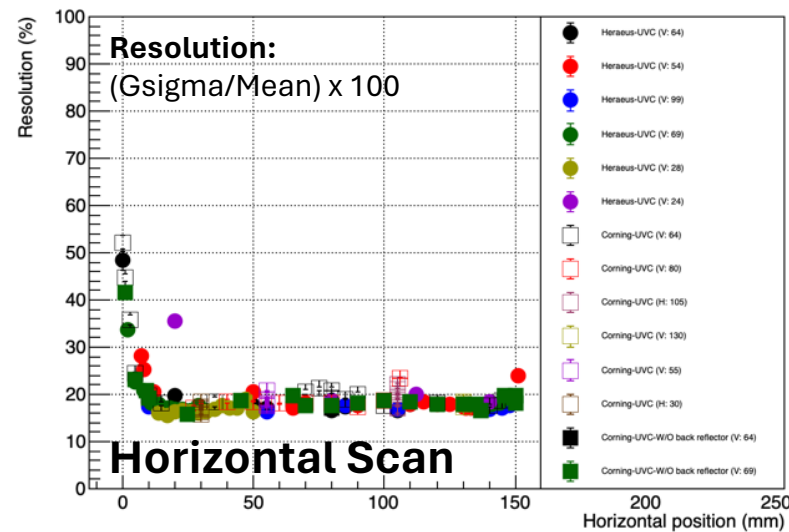
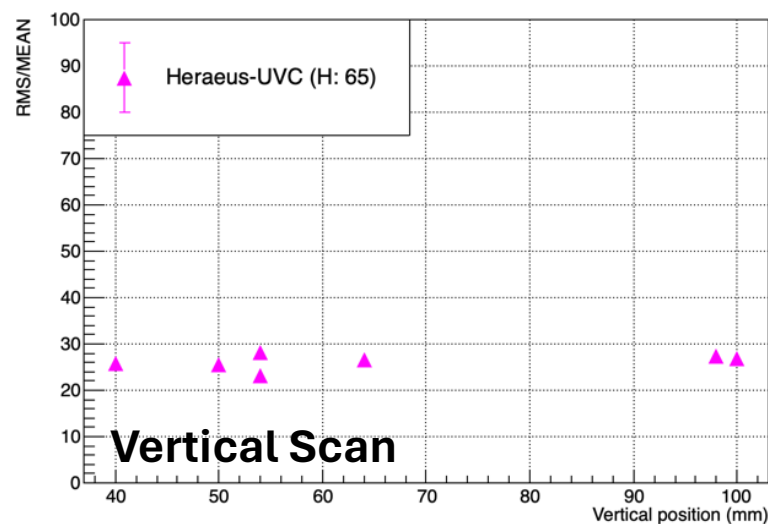
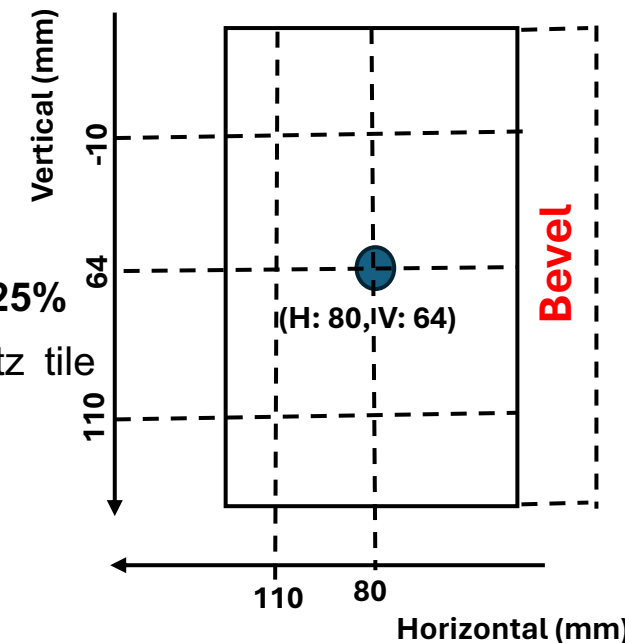
Ring 5 BF dimensions:

Horizontal : 140 mm
(W/O bevel)

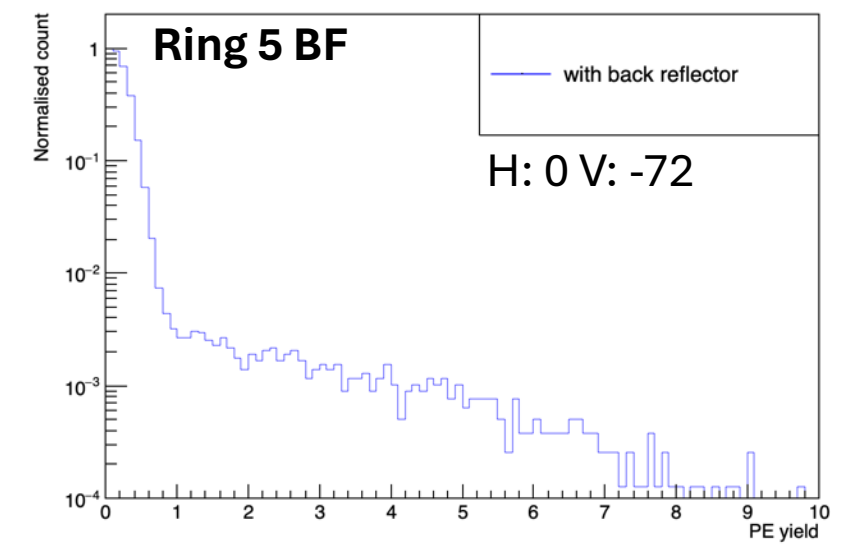
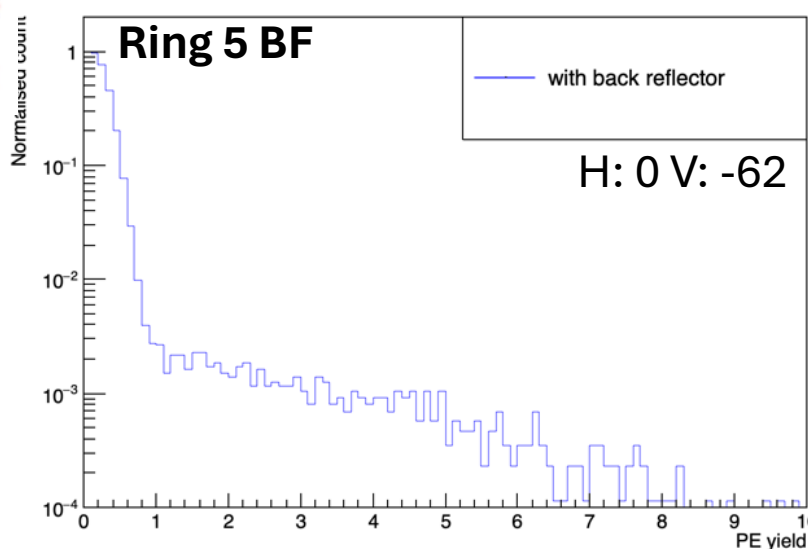
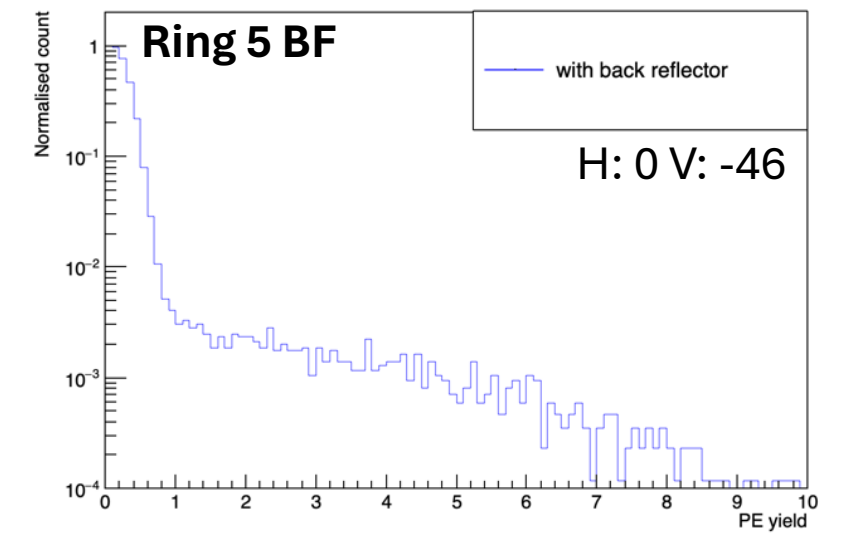
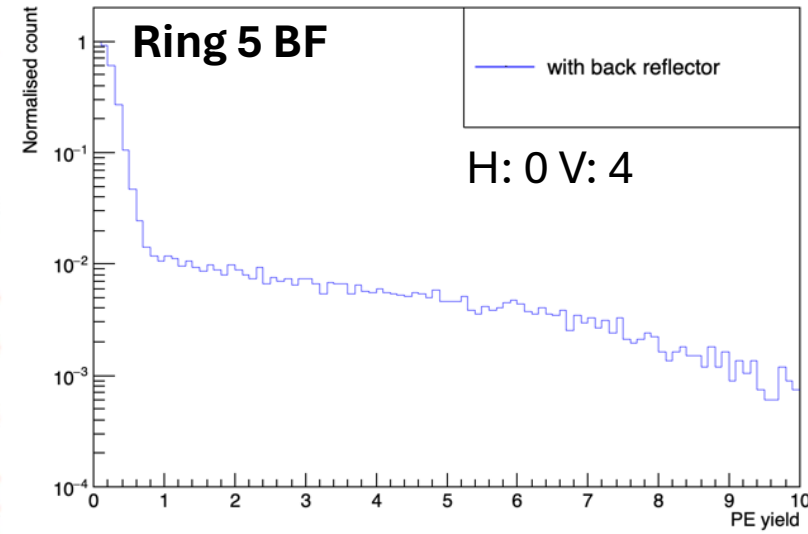
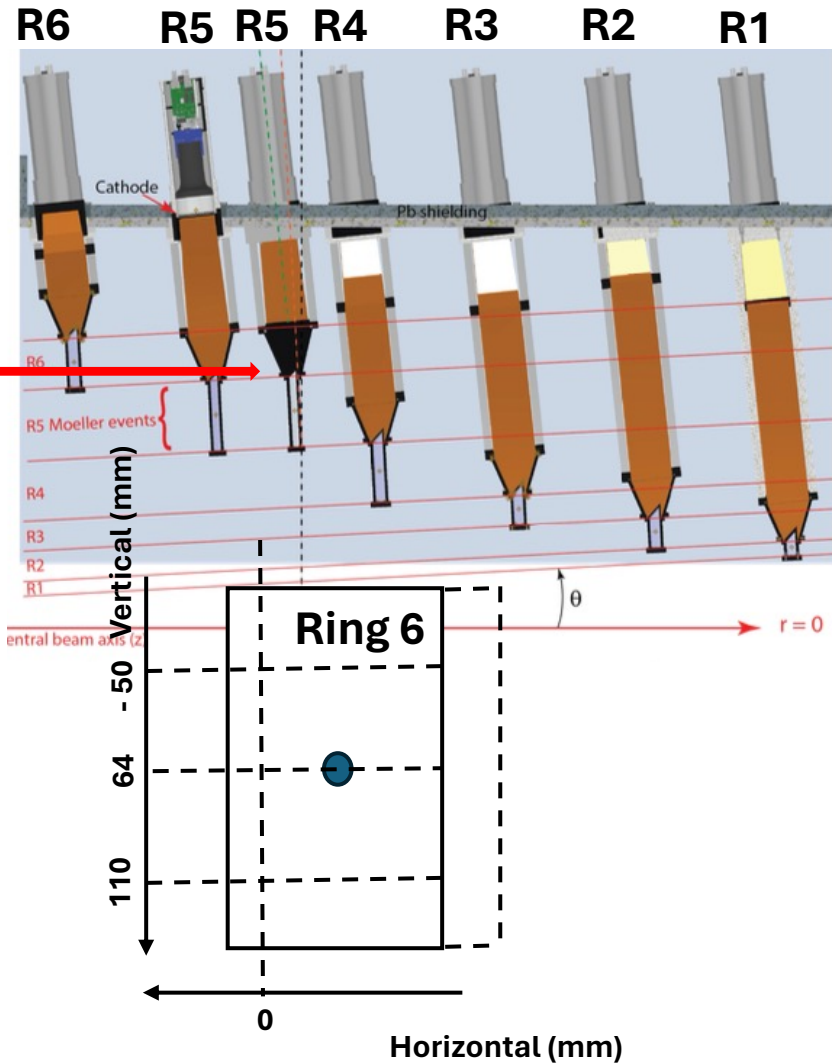
Vertical : 80 mm



- Ring 5 BF was operated at 950 V
- PMT used: 539
- Q1 (@ 850 V) = 2.83 (± 0.11)
- Gain ($\times 10^6$): 3.5 (± 0.1)
- Average **RMS/MEAN (70-150 mm) ~ 25%**
- Both the Heraeus and Corning quartz tile behave similarly

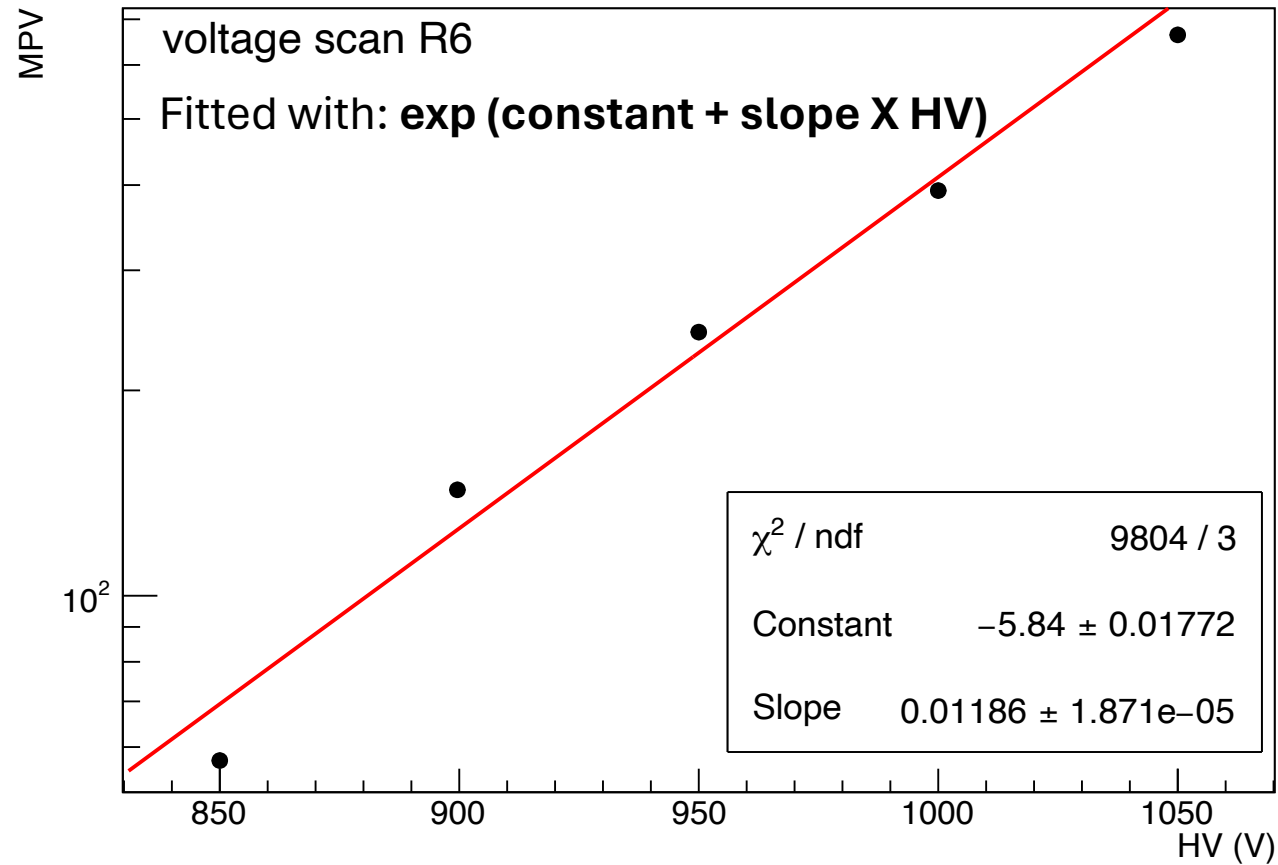


Ring 5 BF: Effect of back reflector panels



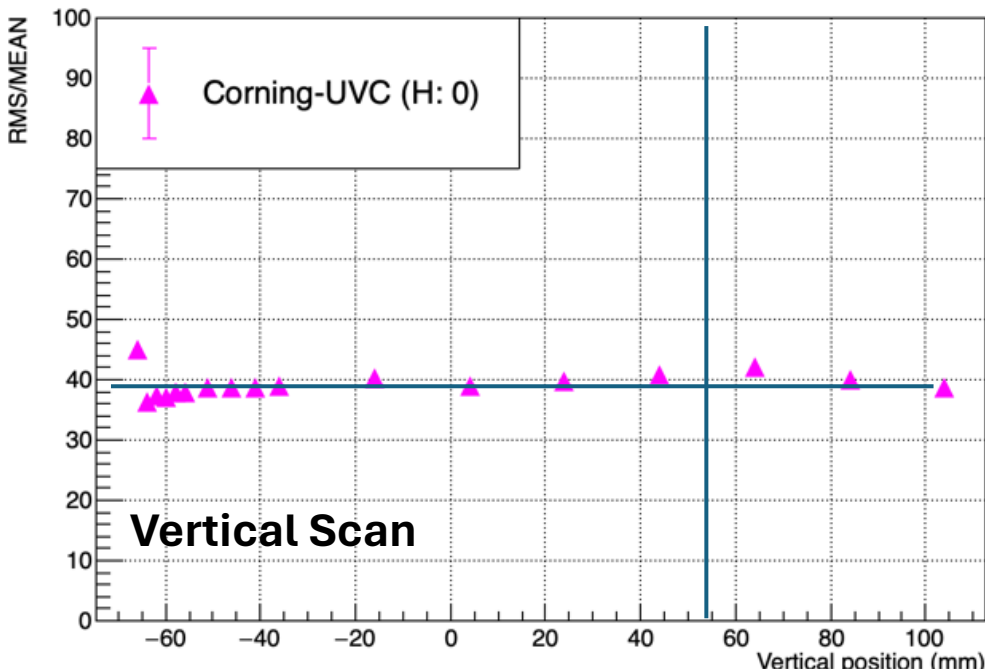
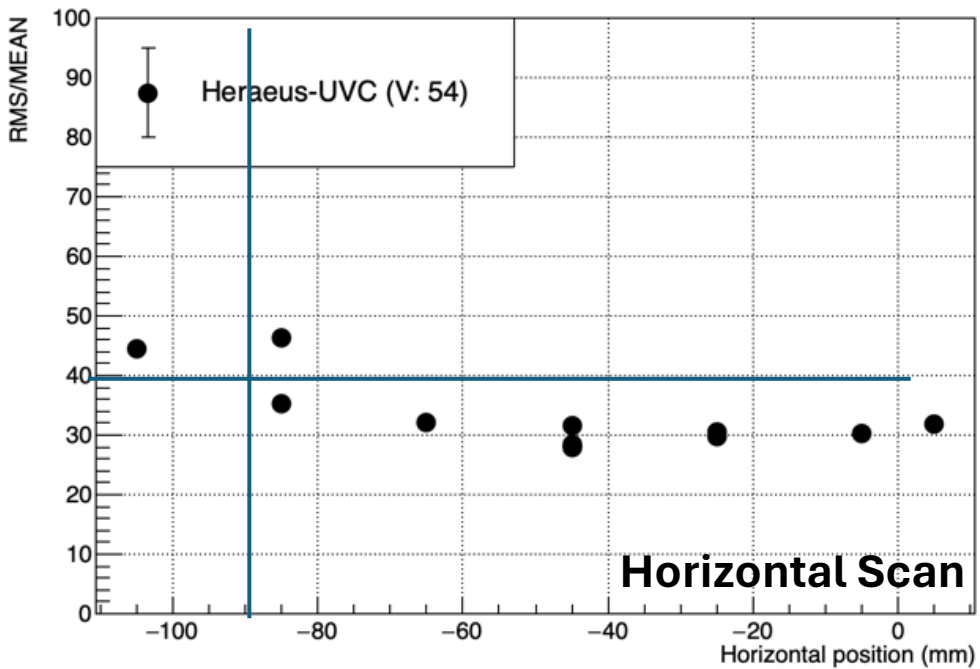
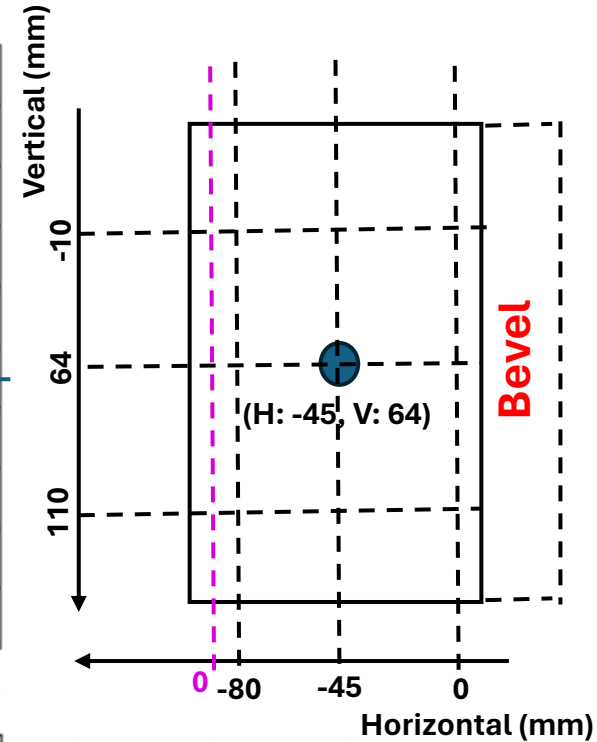
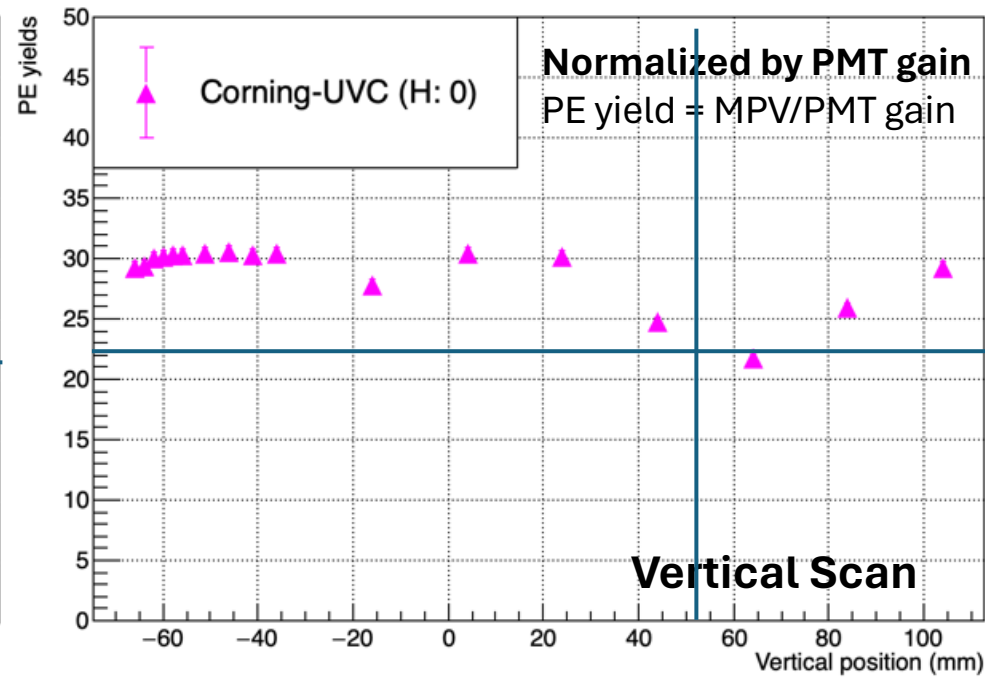
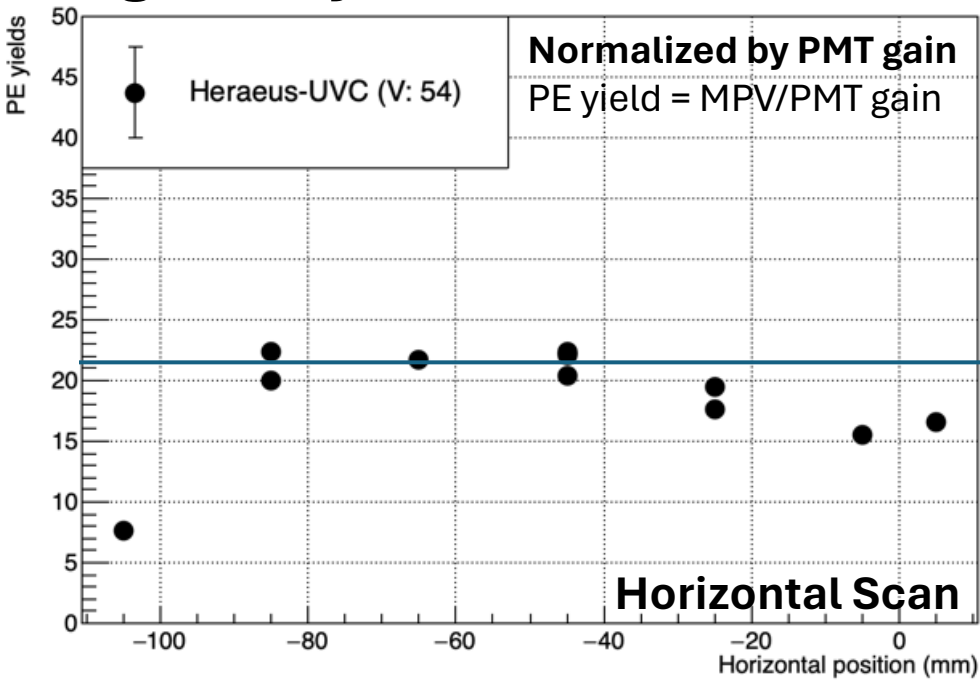
- No consistent data (in terms of Horizontal and vertical positions) where beam is hitting R6 edge and going through the R5 BF lower light guide region after removing the back panels
- However, no exception is expected for Ring 5 as for all the other rings we do observe a low background level with out the back reflector panels

Ring 6: Scaling of the MPV due to change in HV



- Ring 6 segment scan was performed with three different voltage settings (900 V, 950 V & 1000 V)
- The data for in-situ PMT calibration is available only for 900 V
- The MPV of the spectrum is scaled down to HV 900 V using the exponential parameterization

Ring 6: PE yield



Ring 6 dimensions:

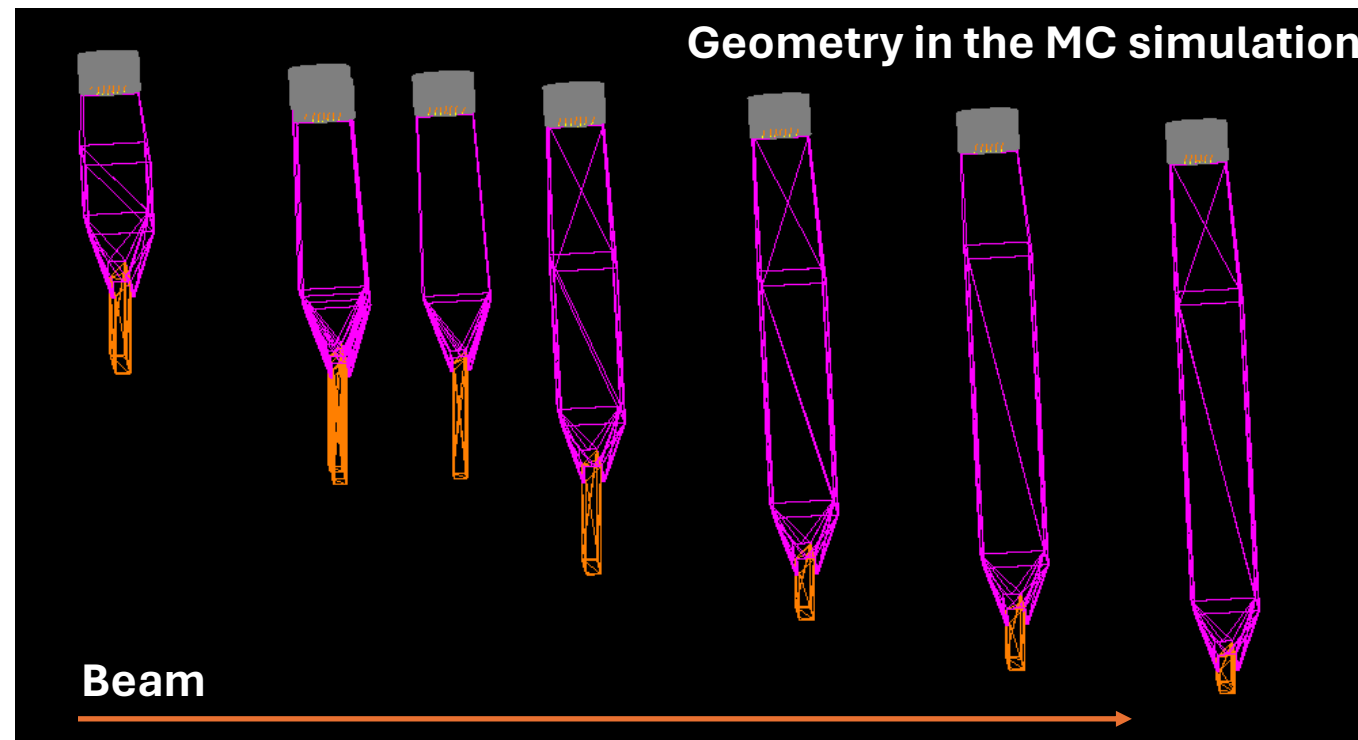
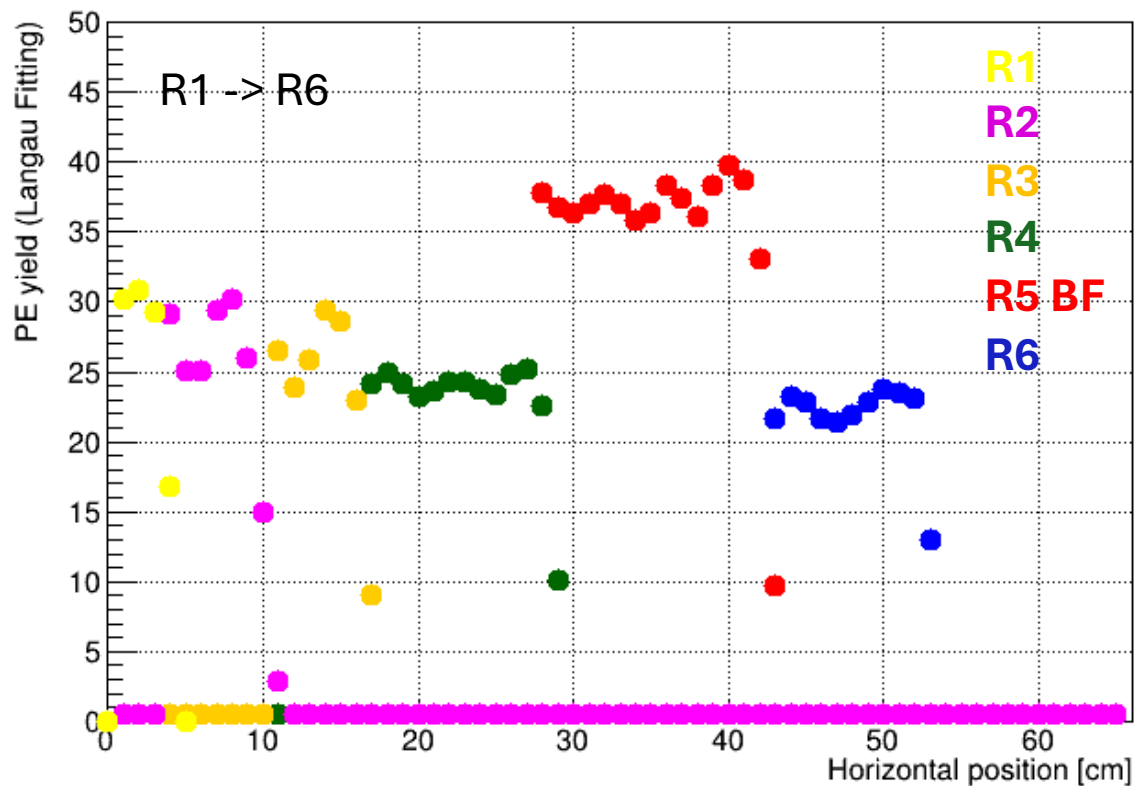
Horizontal : 100 mm
(W/O bevel)

Vertical : 260 mm

Average PE yield is
(20–100 mm);
 20.74 ± 0.18 (gain norm.)

Average RMS/MEAN is
(20–100 mm) **~ 32%**

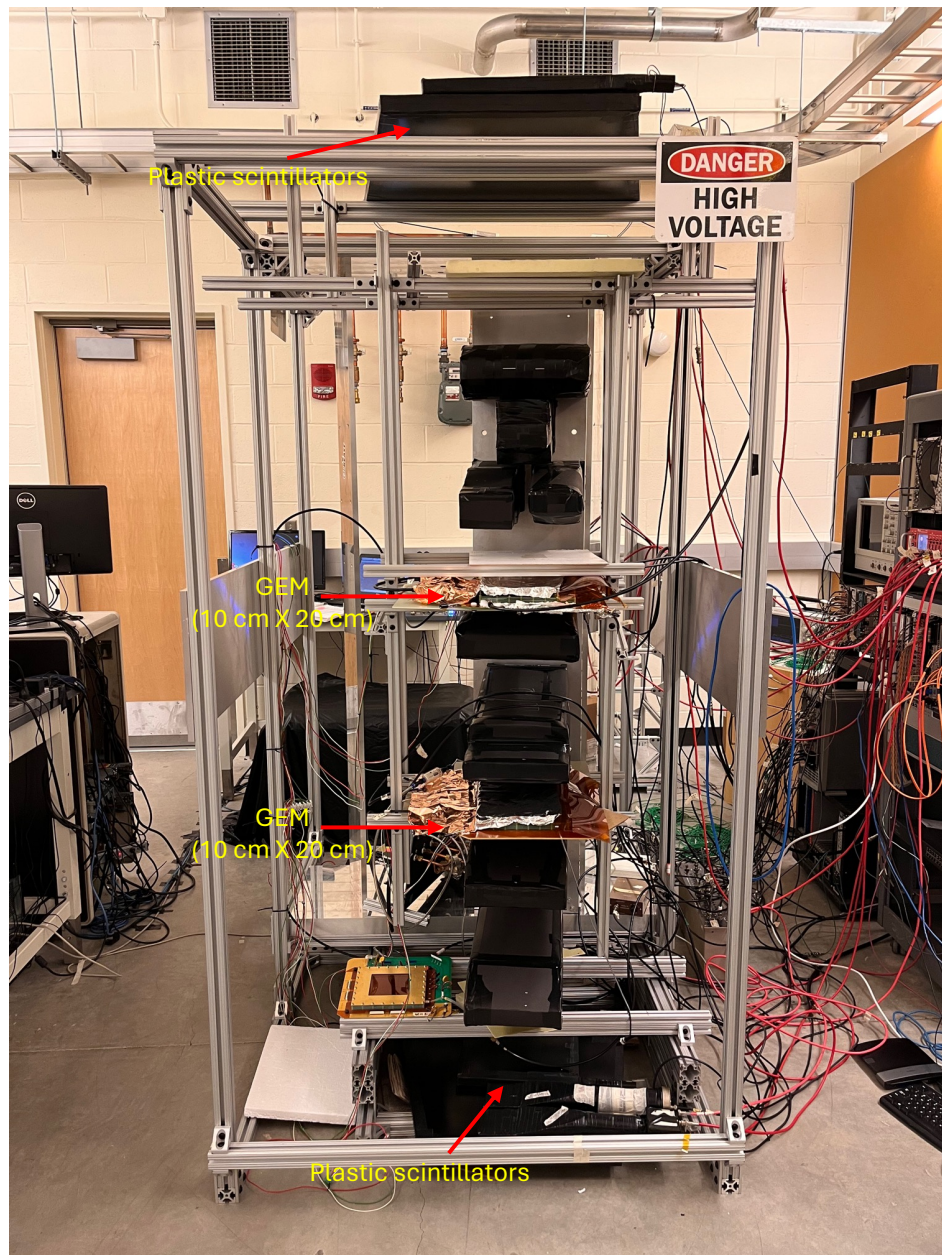
Monte Carlo simulation & comparison with the beam data



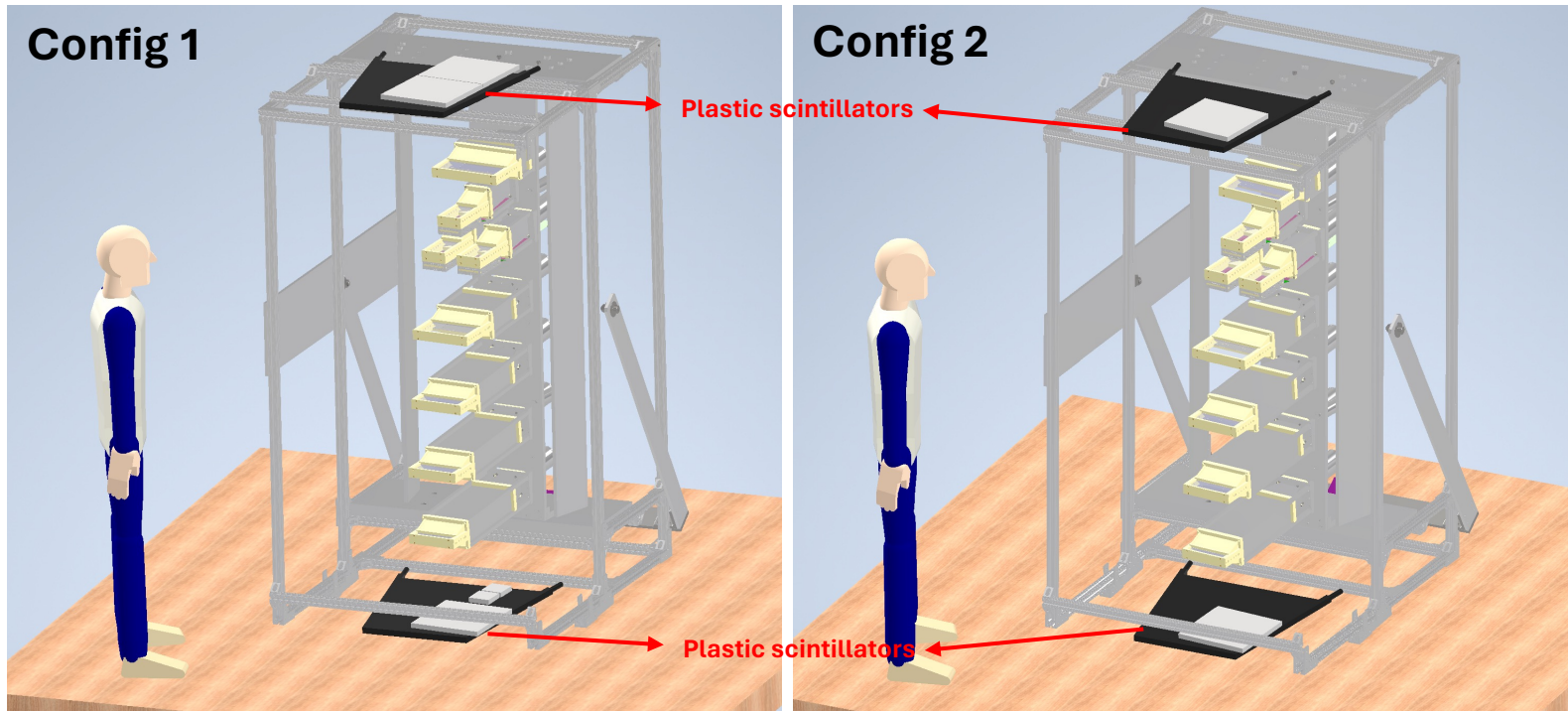
Rings	PE yield (beam data)	PE yield (MC sims)	RMS/MEAN (beam data)	RMS/MEAN (MC sims)
1	26.6 + 0.1	30.2 ± 0.1	~ 30 %	30 %
2	25.0 + 0.1	26.1 ± 0.1	~ 28 %	28 %
3	22.5 + 0.8	25.5 ± 0.1	~ 28 %	28 %
4	23.6 + 0.2	24.3 ± 0.1	~ 30 %	28 %
5 BF	32.0 + 0.2 (UVS)	37.0 ± 0.1 (UVC)	~ 25 % (UVS)	23 % (UVC)
6	20.7 + 0.2	21.5 ± 0.1	~ 32 %	23 %

- Good agreement between the MAINZ test beam data and the Monte-Carlo (~ 10 %)
- Work is ongoing to simulate the cosmic stand setup at UMass

Cosmic test stand at UMass



- Different trigger scintillator configurations are being tested in the lab
- Data taking is ongoing using a CAEN QDC module
- **The FADC based readout system will be used to compare the data taken using the QDC**
- **Benchmarking the performance of the individual detector rings with cosmic and its comparison with beam data and monte carlo**

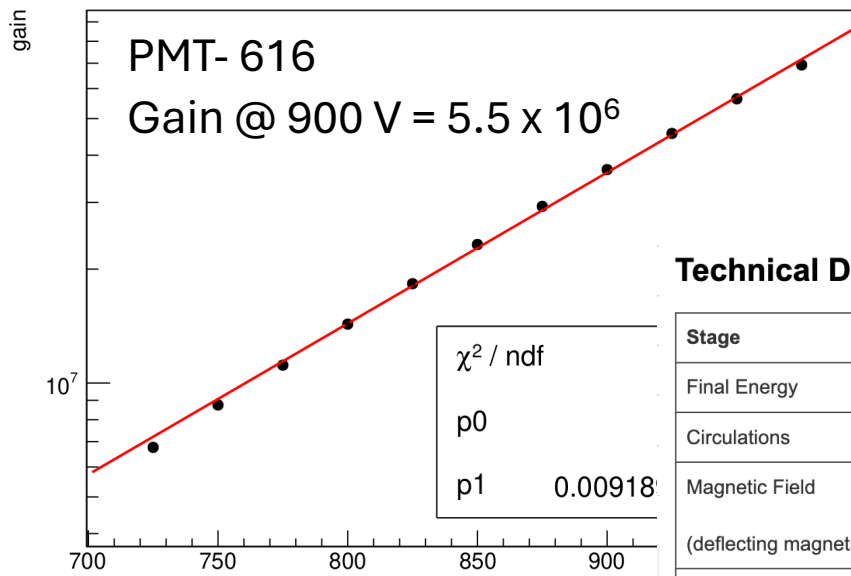
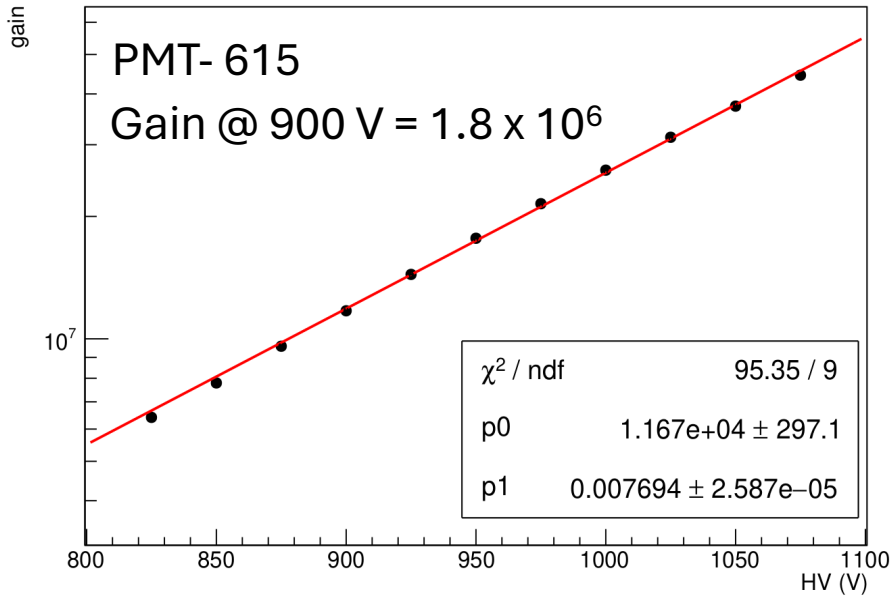


Summary

- Both the quartz tiles Corning and Heraeus give us comparable PE yields for all the rings
- For all the detectors (R1 through R4 and R6) the RMS/MEAN value is found to be ~ 30 % & for R5 BF it is observed to be ~ 25 %
- The UVC light guide material gives us the desired performance for the modules Ring 1 through Ring 4 and Ring 6
- For the Ring 5 BF, the UVS light guide material gives us the required PE yield
- The removable of the back reflector panels help to reduce the background without affecting the PE yields
- The MC simulation shows very good agreement (~ 10%) with the MAINZ test beam data
- **Data taking is ongoing with the UMass cosmic stand with different trigger scintillator configurations**

Thank you for your attention...

PMT gain calibrations



Technical Data

Stage	MAMI B	MAMI C
Final Energy	855.1 MeV	1508 MeV
Circulations	90	43
Magnetic Field (deflecting magnets)	1.28 T	0.95 - 1.53 T
Mass (deflecting magnets)	2x450 t	4x250 t
Microwave Frequency	2.45 GHz	2.45 / 4.90 GHz
Microwave Power	102 kW	117 / 128 kW
Length (linear accelerator)	8.9 m	8.6 / 10.1 m
Size of the Alignment (L x W)	21 m x 10	30 m x 15 m

Comment: The size only relates to the area covered by the deflecting magnets.

