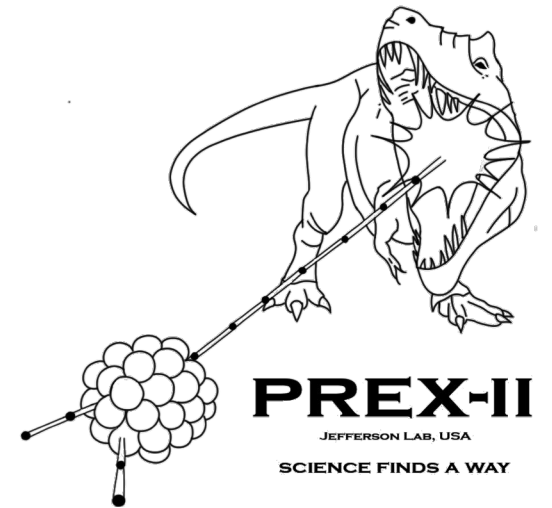
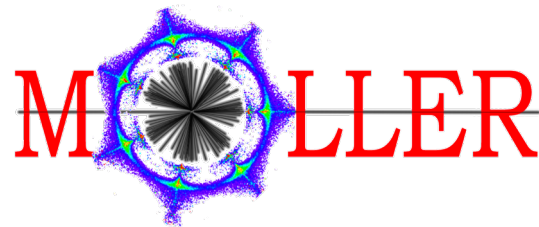
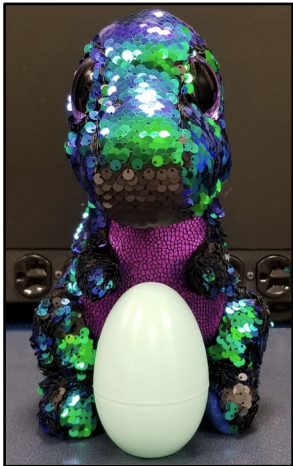


# Parity Quality Beam Preparations

Caryn Palatchi, IU

MOLLER Collaboration Meeting 5/6/2023



\*Artwork by Marisa Petrusky

# Beam Asymmetries Previously Achieved and Future Goals

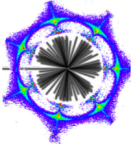
*Any change in the polarized beam, correlated to helicity reversal, can be a potential source for a false asymmetry*

$$A_{\text{raw}} = A_{\text{det}} - A_Q + \alpha \Delta_E + \sum \beta_i \Delta x_i$$

HCBA's are expected to contribute ~0.14 ppb uncertainty for Moller (~10ppb for PREXII)

*(Helicity Correlated Beam Asymmetries)*

<i>HCBA Contributors</i>	HAPPEX-II [29] (achieved)	$Q_{\text{weak}}$ [12] (achieved)	PREX-2 [29] (achieved)	CREX [29] (achieved)	MOLLER (required)
Intensity asymmetry	400 ppb	30 ppb	25 ppb	-88 ppb	10 ppb
Energy asymmetry	0.1 ppb	0.4 ppb	$0.8 \pm 1$ ppb	$0.1 \pm 1.0$ ppb	< 1.4 ppb
position differences	1.7 nm	4.4 nm	$2.2 \pm 4$ nm	$-5.2 \pm 3.6$ nm	0.6 nm
angle differences	0.2 nrad	0.1 nrad	< $0.6 \pm 0.6$ nrad	$-0.26 \pm 0.16$ nrad	0.12 nrad
size asymmetry (quoted)	—	< $10^{-4}$	< $3 \times 10^{-5}$	< $3 \times 10^{-5}$	< $10^{-5}$
			19 days	~40 days	344 days



*Constrained at nm, nrad, ppb level*

**How were these small beam asymmetries achieved and how can we meet our future goals?**

# Recipe to suppress HCBA and achieve Parity Quality Beam for PVES Experiments

## **Beam Setup Pre-Experiment:**

- *Laser Table Alignment : minimize HCBA*
- *Injector setup: minimize HCBA*
- *Slow Reversals Symmetry*

## **Beam Corrections During Experiment:**

- *Aq Feedback*
- *RTP Position Difference Corrections*
- *Beam Modulation*
- *Fast feedback*

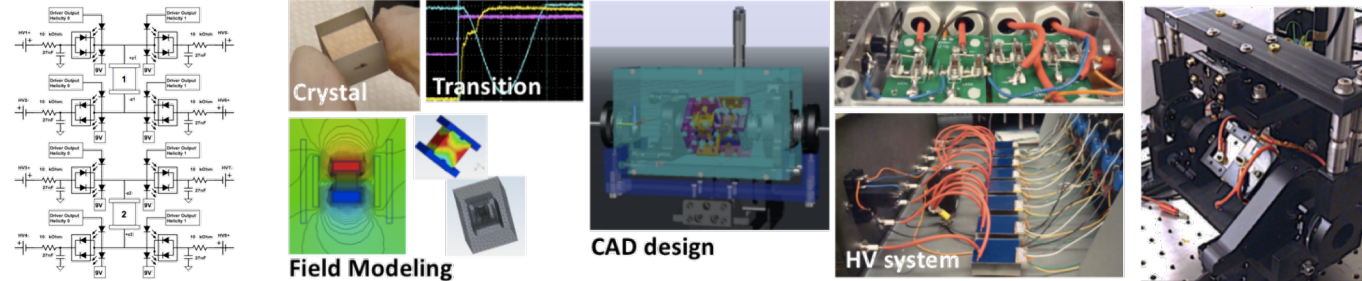
## **Beam Transport Considerations:**

- *High Transmission*
- *Adiabatic Damping/Optics Match*

# Parity Quality Beam Preparations Status

- PQB Group (Caryn, Kent, Paul, Riad, etc...) meeting weekly
- Requirements documents on hardware components (Helicity magnets, helicity generator board, IA cells, etc.) being generated and communicated
- Injector Upgrade is proceeding as planned
- Dedicated Beam Studies are planned to assess PQB readiness of new machine

# PQB hardware on Accelerator Tasks List formed by PQB group

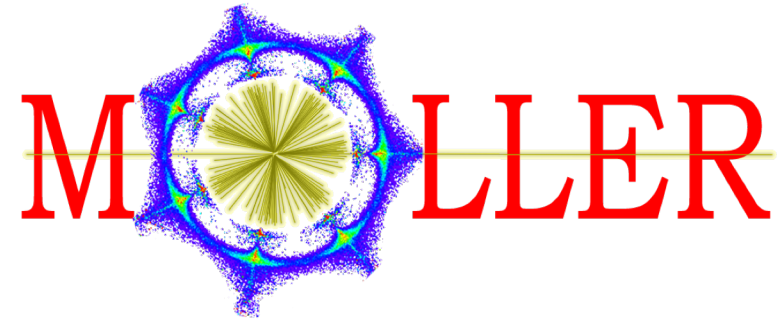


We can flip fast with the Pockels cell now, everything else need to flip fast too.

- Helicity Generator Board – currently debugging, will be able to produce mega-multiplets and have delay option of 10-20us. 8 boards (out of 13 total) will be available for MOLLER for detector and data acquisition development
- Helicity Magnets – needed to be required to transition in <10us and field maps examined to verify position/lensing coupling is negligibly small.
- IA cells – needed to be tested to ensure transition time is <10us and plan to update the IA cells driver circuit to ensure fast transition and ..... (so Helicity signal isn't carried by a BNC cable!)
- Pockels cell driver circuit - IU reverse engineering circuit so John H's circuit is properly documented, Electronics group to make a spare, exploring solid-state switch development (UVA)
- Helicity Decoder Boards: Newly designed board to prevent mis-identification of real helicity events in counting mode for the 2 kHz MOLLER helicity reversal. 20 boards needs to be fabricated and installed in data acquisition systems of four Halls and for all helicity or polarimeter data acquisition systems

# Injector Upgrade – phase II

March 20 – July 21, 2023



May 1, 2023

Accelerator Division

The Jefferson Lab logo, featuring the text "Jefferson Lab" in black with a red swoosh underlining "Jefferson".

*Thanks, Riad, for slides*



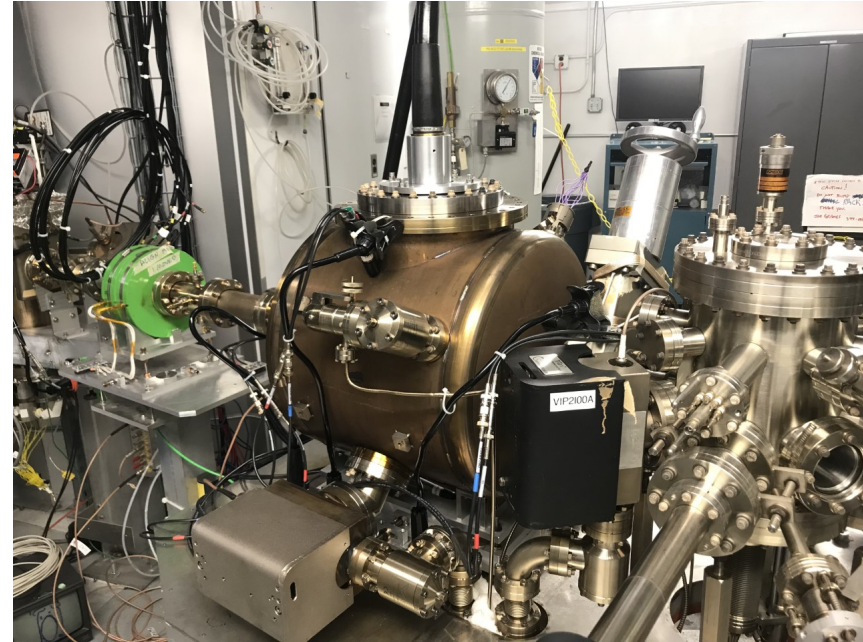
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

Office of  
Science



# New Gun

- New larger (18" diameter compared to old 14" diameter) HV Chamber
- Spherical cathode electrode instead of T-shaped
- 200 kV (instead of 130 kV)
- Tilted anode ( $2.43^\circ$ ) to cancel vertical kick from ceramic insulator and triple-point HV shield

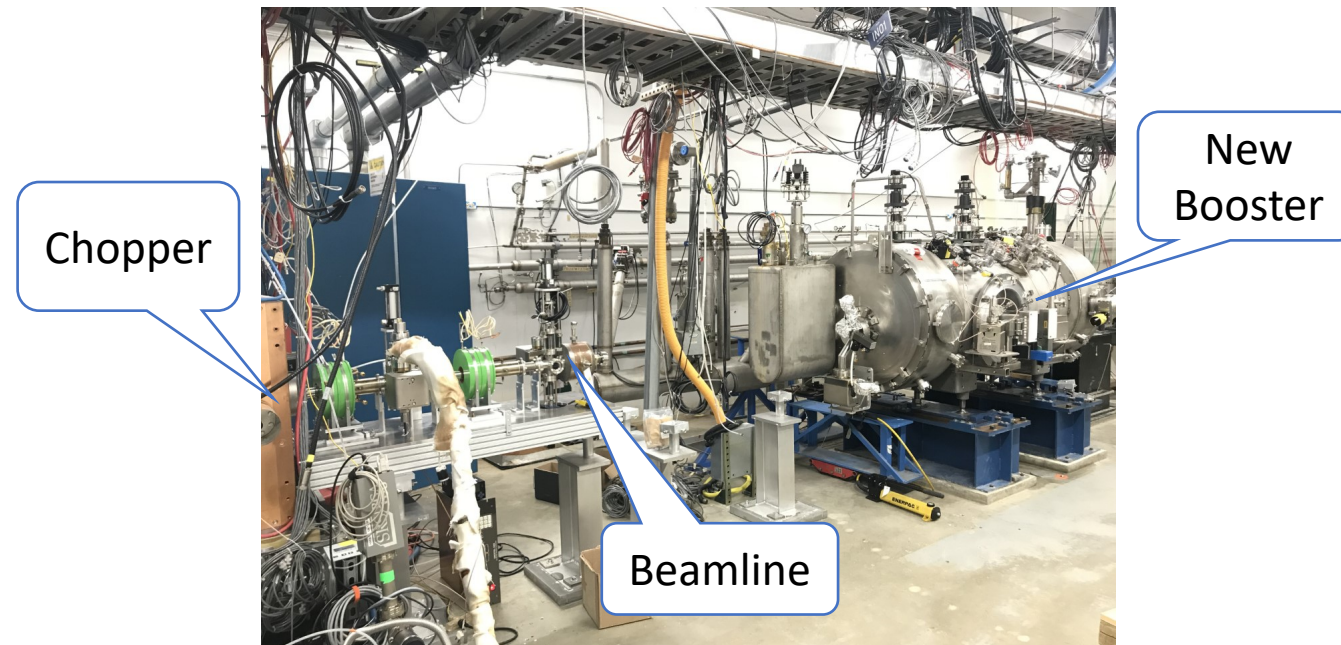


- Status:
  - HV conditioned – ready to run at 200 kV

*Thanks, Riad, for slides*

# New Booster

- Booster installed. Now working on beamline between Chopper and Booster
- Added three new BPMs between Chopper and Booster (S/H outputs are available at parity DAQ) – now a total of five BPMs are in this region



*Thanks, Riad, for slides*



# INJECTOR QUICK REFERENCE DRAWING

Bldg 53, Injector Service Building, Above-Ground Phones:

- x6165 -- (3x+base) Cordless Phones
- x5167 -- Outside PSS D1, in between D1 and D2, outside D2 (3 phones)

x6207 -- by tunnel entrance/  
1st R/S Box

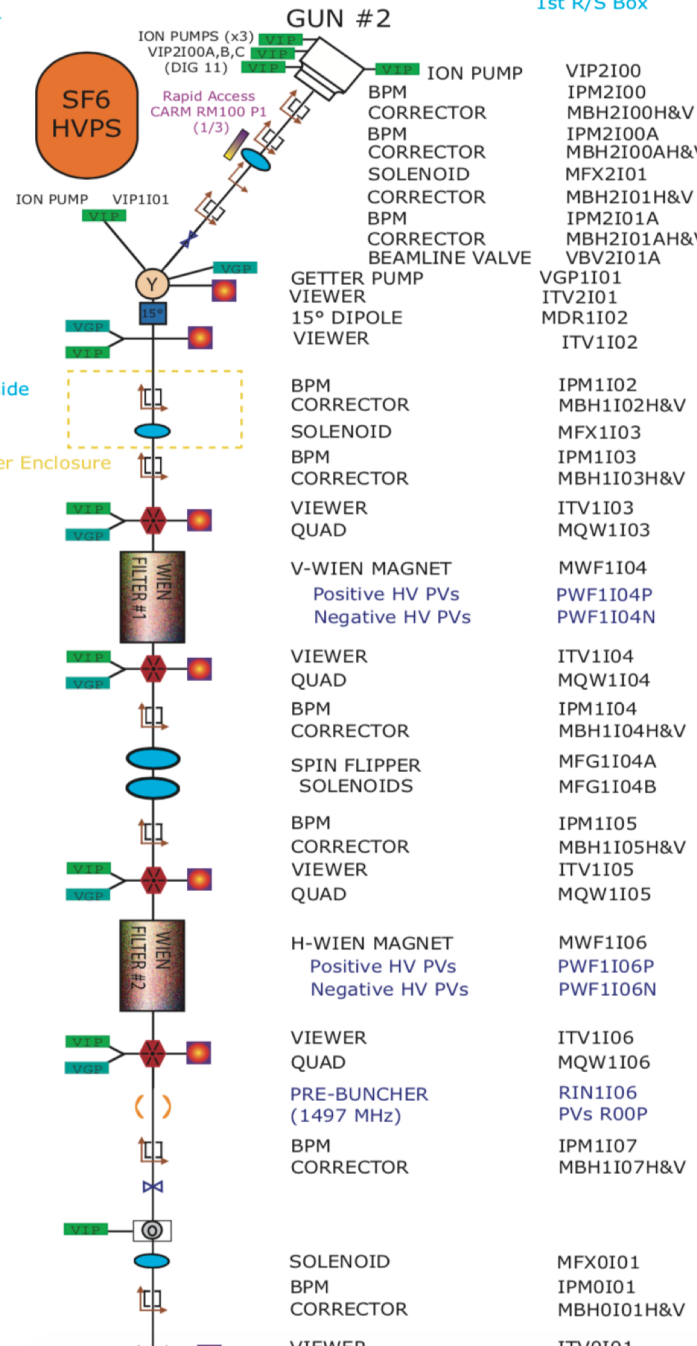
Gun HV (kV)	Electron Momentum (MeV/c)	Relativistic Factor ( $\gamma$ )	Fraction of Speed of Light
100	0.335	1.196	0.548
130	0.387	1.254	0.604
200	0.494	1.391	0.695
300	0.630	1.587	0.777

\* 2021 Physics Setting \*

- GETTER PUMP VGP1102
- ION PUMP VIP1102

x6208 -- both outside by camera and inside laser room (and by R/S box 2)

- ION PUMP VIP1103
- GETTER PUMP VGP1103
- VERTICAL WIEN FILTER MWF1104
- ION PUMP VIP1104
- GETTER PUMP VGP1104
- ION PUMP GETTER PUMP VIP1105 VGP1105
- HORIZONTAL WIEN FILTER MWF1106
- ION PUMP GETTER PUMP VIP1106 VGP1106
- BEAMLINE VALVE VBV1107
- DP CAN VDPO100
- ION PUMP VIP0100



- Some New BPMs near the gun
- Will have to select which BPMs are useful to use

# Accelerator Beam Tests (June – July 2023)

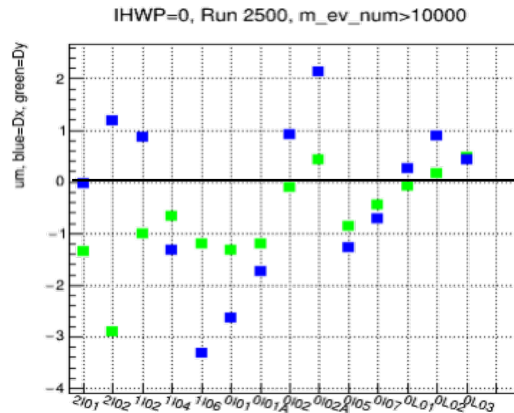
- **200 kV gun optics and gun-exit steering:** measure beam angle and displacement from new gun as a function of laser spot position **Could help PQB because the RTP cell can control 2 degrees of freedom, not 4 (X,Y,X',Y'), so less coupling off the gun may help minimize position differences further**
- **Beam studies of New Booster:** measure beam emittance upstream and downstream of Booster, beam kicks, energy spread, and x/y coupling caused by Booster
- **200 keV Wien filter optics:** optimize Wien filter operation at any angle with no significant impact on transmission or downstream optics
- **200 keV E/B Calibrations of V-Wien and H-Wien:** determine E and B field settings which do not deflect electron beam at 200 keV energy
- **200 keV Spin Dance Calibrations of V-Wien, H-Wien, and Spin Solenoids:** Calibrate spin rotators using Mott polarimeter
- **PQB studies in Injector:** first look at beam from new gun and Booster

## PQB tests (hopefully July)

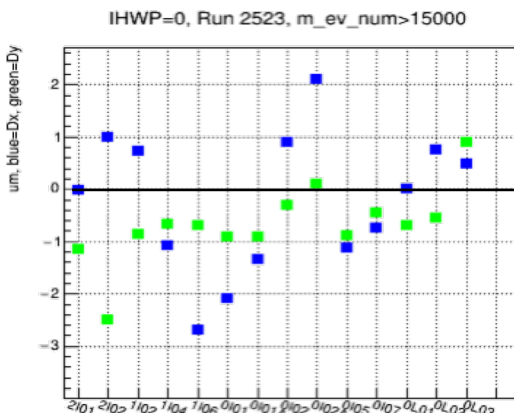
- Wein flip symmetry test (**VWien flip was soooo good. Is it still good?**)
- Beam noise tests in injector at 960Hz / 1920Hz (if ADCs/timing board in injector can handle it) with new helicity board
- New vacuum window put in with less birefringence, do RHWP scan to see how Aq offset improved (window helps to minimize introduction of gradients we can't control)
- Injector transmission assessment (Apertures have been changed, so hopefully at high currents, there will be less clipping. Also with new gun, less space charge expansion, so that may help )
- Chopper Scan (new temporals structure of beam, new high E gun, new booster, look at beam tails and compare with previous chopper scans)
- Do feedback on Pos Diffs with RTP and see how good we can get (best we saw before was 30nm)

# Wein Flip

Pre Experiment: low energy injector



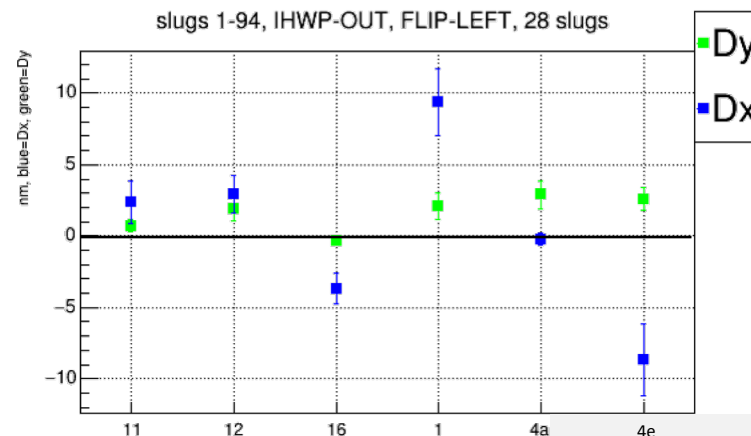
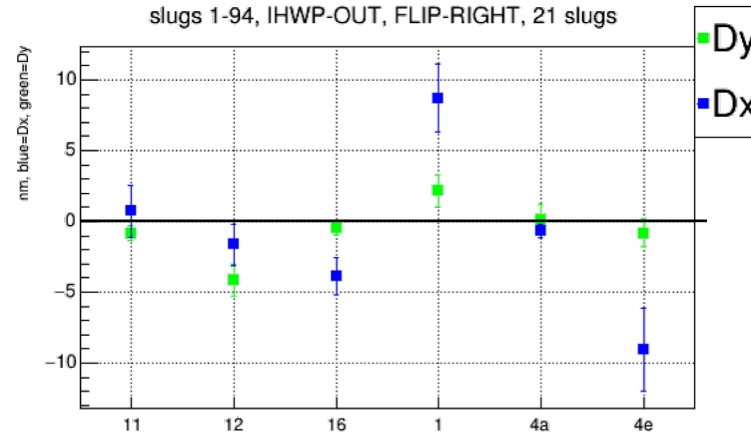
Flip Right:



Flip Left:

BPM name

After experiment: experimental hall



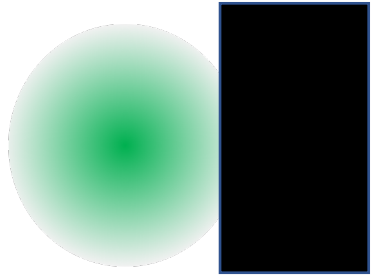
BPM name

Is it still this good?

Electron Spin Reversal:

- ExB for  $1\pi$  precession
- Symmetry – good for position difference cancellation, also good for spot size asymmetry cancellation
- Spin Flip (pre-upgrade) done back-to-back is quite symmetric.
- In practice, over weeks, settings can change.
- Goal: Flip often, flip efficiently AND quantify flip symmetry each time (RTP cell let's you do this)

# Transmission and Beam noise



= noise + HCBA intercoupling

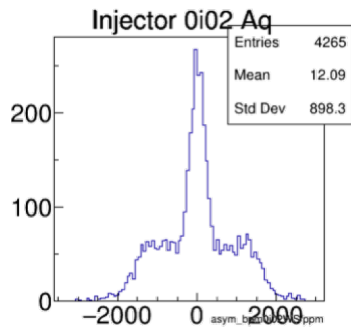
$$D_x \Rightarrow A_q$$

Beam Property	Required 1 kHz random fluctuations	Required cumulative helicity-correlation
Intensity	< 1000 ppm	< 10 ppb
Energy	< 110 ppm	< 1.4 ppb
Position	< 50 $\mu\text{m}$	< 0.6 nm
Angle	< 10 $\mu\text{rad}$	< 0.12 nrad

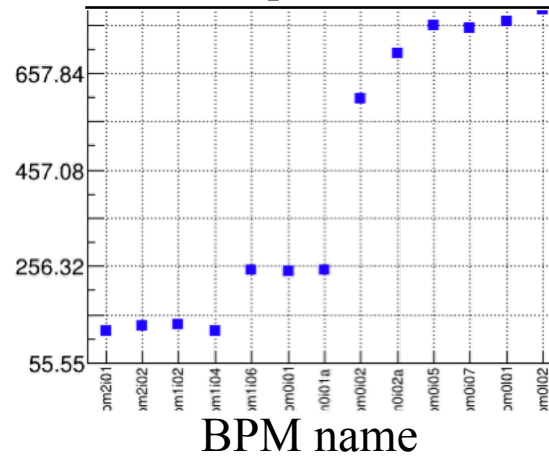
noise

HCBA intercoupling

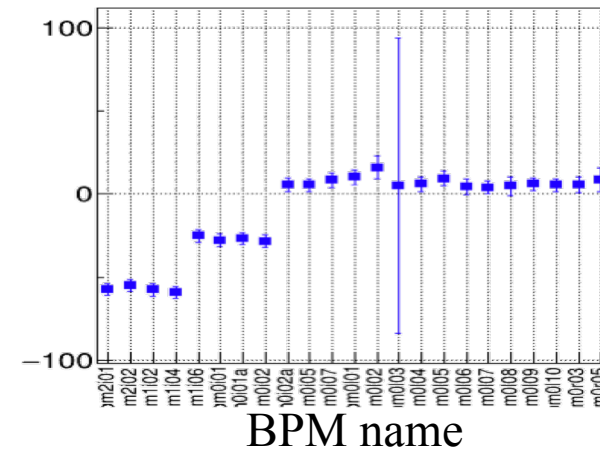
A<sub>q</sub> distribution



A<sub>q</sub> RMS

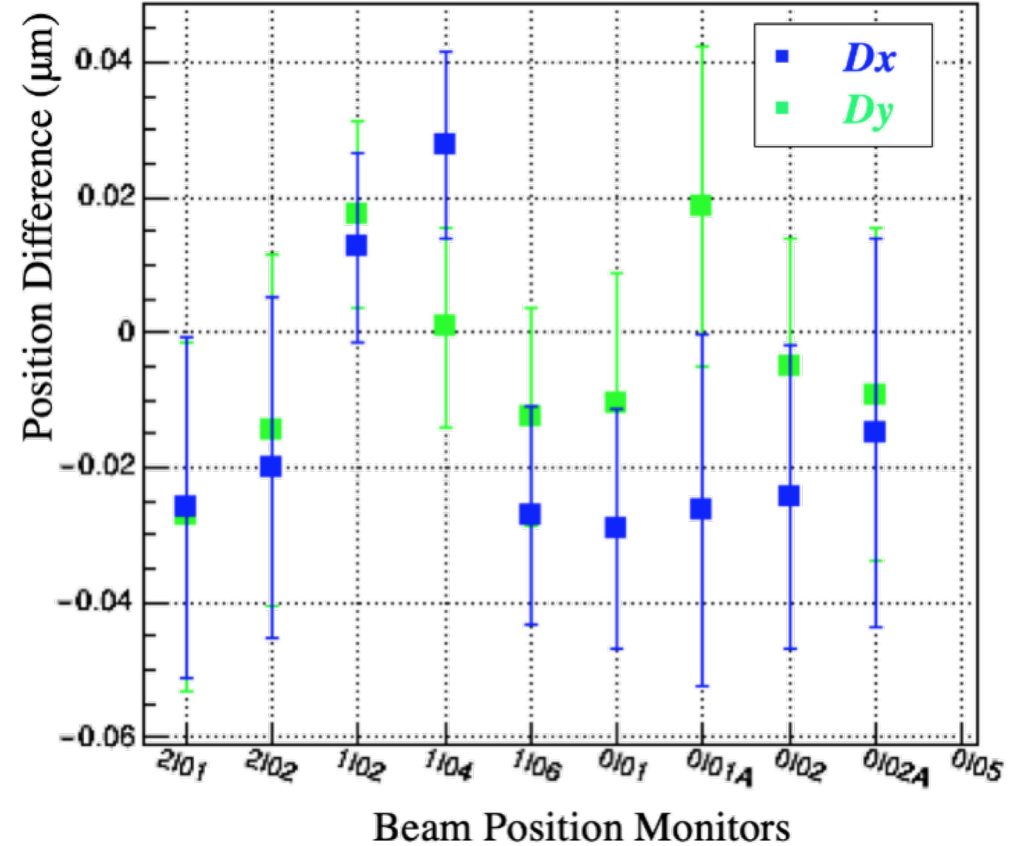
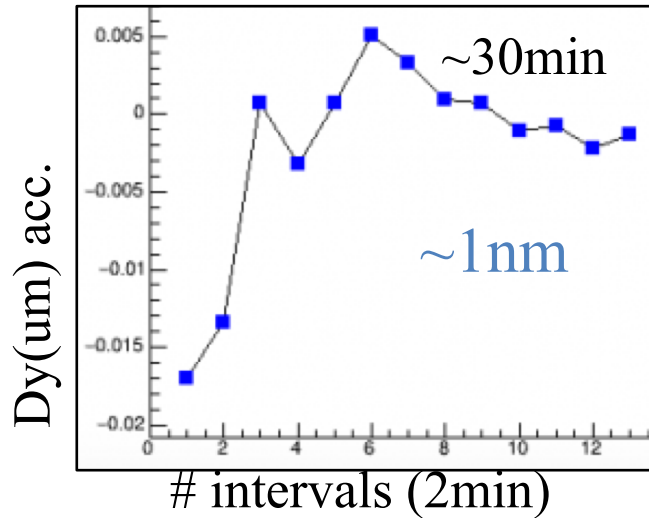
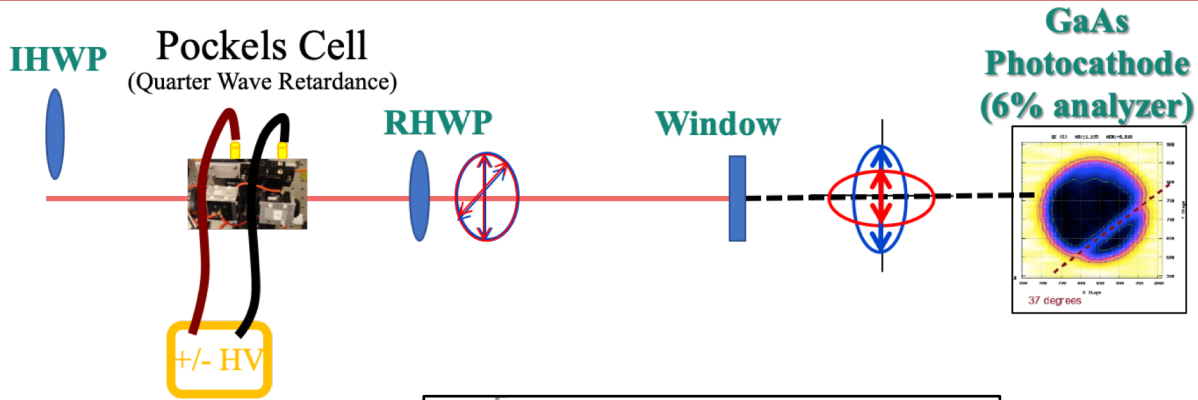


<A<sub>q</sub>>



*Poor Beam Transport Can Mess things up BADLY*

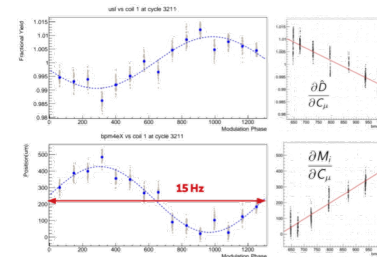
# How well can we do with RTP feedback?



Can we do better than 30nm now?

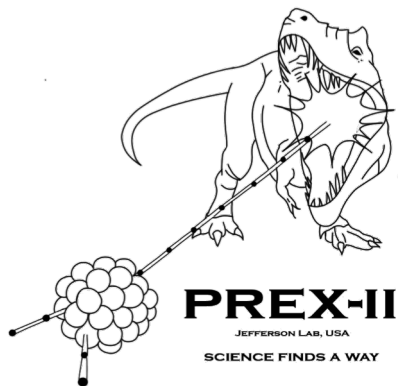
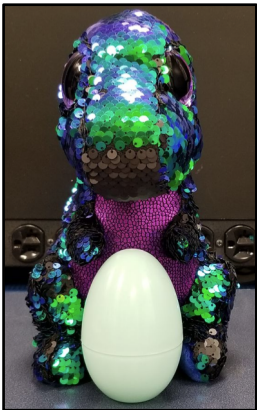
# On the horizon

- **Fast Feedback (FFB) System resurrection (December 2024)**
- **Injector transmission and parity-quality beam (December 2024)**
- **Wien filters slow reversal – Wien Flip (December 2024)** - The preservation of beam properties under polarization reversal is key to the utility of this flip. The planned high frequency of the flip will require the ability to perform a **rapid configuration change**.  
**Explore ideal frequency of Wien flips 1/week 1/3days? How long for things to drift?**
- **Feedback on polarization orientation (December 2024)** - corrections for drifts envisioned to occur daily during regular running, or in a shorter time scale after any significant linac energy rebalancing. The changes are expected to be about 1-2° and applied to the nominal Injector Wiens angles.- *Ops-Inj and CIS should provide the optimal protocol to apply the required changes, find out if the feedback can be done by the beam energy instead*
- *We also need to resurrect the Beam Mod System and check it can handle 11GeV*



# Summary

- Weekly Organizational Meeting taking place between MOLLER collaboration and JLab staff
- Parity Hardware being updated with our input
- Injector Upgrade Phase II gone as planned
- Injector Beam tests as soon as July
- Lots of work to be done, we just have to continue and remain on track



Also.... For MOLLER we need :

**A Mascot, a Logo, and a Blinding String**



- Seed string: [Using CREX Positions!] It is a capital mistake to theorize before one has data. Insensibly one begins to twist facts to suit theories, instead of theories to suit facts.---A Scandal in Bohemia, Arthur Conan Doyle.