

# Simulation Project: Part 2

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# Goals

- Use simulation output root files of part 1 of the project
- Use `RootScript.C` as a template script and create a root script relevant for above study
- Use the output of this script to study the effects of slit scattering from collimator
  - We will look at Photons (pid=22) hitting the sensitive detector (det id 47) we created previously at GDML overview session

# Prerequisites

- Files required for the tutorial are available at Hands-On-Remoll in <https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1Bcoe3hPBwS1MCXiwCdD0ghjgKnkjRsfB?usp=sharing>
- Download the file `RootScript.C` into `~/softwares/remoll/analysis`
- the root files `remollout_Moller_gen_2k.root` and `remollout_Moller_gen_Krypto_2k.root`
  - Both of these files are also available in Hands-On/Rootfiles directory in shared Google Drive
  - Make sure these rootfiles are in `~/softwares/remoll/`

# Root Scripting: Histogram Declarations

RootScript.C is our template script, we will create histograms of hit radius, xy 2D distribution and source vertex of these hits on Det-47

1. Declare 1D histograms for radius and source vertex

```
TH1D *r
```

```
TH1D *sourceZ
```

```
TH1D *rRate //for rate weighted radial distribution
```

2. Define 2D histograms for XY distribution

```
TH2D *hXY
```

```
TH2D *hXYrate //for rate weighted XY distribution
```

# Root Scripting: Histogram definitions

- Let's define their parameters and create them inside `initHisto()` routine

```
r = new TH1D("r","Det47 radial distribution;r[mm]",200,0,600);
```

```
rRate = new TH1D("rRate","Det 47 rate weighted  
distribution;r[mm]",200,0,600);
```

```
hXY = new TH2D("hXY","2D hit distribution;x [mm];y  
[mm]",200,-600,600,200,-600,600);
```

```
hXYrate = new TH2D("hXYrate","rate weighted 2D hit  
ditribution;x [mm];y [mm]",200,-600,600,200,-600,600);
```

```
sourceZ = new TH1D("sourceZ","initial vertex for hit ;z  
position [mm]",10000,-5300,8000);
```

# Root Scripting: Proper Cuts

- Let's set the proper cuts to match our analysis, cuts are applied in the `processOne(...)` routine

- Select only photons

```
if(hit->at(j).pid!=22) continue;
```

- Select hits only on detector id 47

```
if(hit->at(j).det != 47) continue;
```

- Next we fill histograms

# Root Scripting: Filling Histograms

- Let's fill these histograms with data from the Tree in `at` at the `processOne(...)` routine

```
r->Fill(hit->at(j).r);
```

```
sourceZ->Fill(hit->at(j).vz);
```

```
hXY->Fill(hit->at(j).x, hit->at(j).y);
```

```
rRate->Fill(hit->at(j).r, rate);
```

```
hXYrate->Fill(hit->at(j).x, hit->at(j).y, rate);
```

# Root Scripting: Post Processing

- Scale rate weighted histograms if we have used chain of root files (more than one root file linked) in the `void scale()` routine

```
rRate->Scale(1./nFiles);
```

```
hXYrate->Scale(1./nFiles);
```



# Make Histograms in Canvases: Create a Canvas

- In routine `void plot()`
- Let's create a canvas

```
Double_t w = 600; //width px
Double_t h = 600; //height px
TCanvas *p1 = new TCanvas("TCan_sourceZ", "Source Z
Canvas", w, h);
```

Canvas text id

Canvas title



Canvas size



# Format Histogram and Draw on the Canvas

- Use the function: `gStyle->SetOptStat("nemr");` to format histogram  
stat box information: n-name, e-events, m-mean, r-rms
- Draw the vertex histogram on the p1 Canvas : `sourceZ->DrawCopy();`
- You can save the canvas as an image to formats including pdf or png:  
`p1->SaveAs("TCan_sourceZ.png");`
- This command will save the canvas p1 with the histogram `sourceZ` as an image file.

# Make Histograms in Canvases: Create a Canvas

- Let's create the second canvas

```
w = 1000;//width px
```

```
h = 1000;//height px
```

```
TCanvas *p2 = new TCanvas("TCan_rate_xy", "Radial and XY  
hits", w, h);
```

Canvas text id

Canvas title

Canvas size

# Make Histograms in Canvases: Divide the Canvas

- Let's create the canvas p2 with multiple pads : `p2->Divide(2,2); //nx,ny`
  - Above command creates 2 by 2 = 4 pads in the canvas
- Let's add four histograms into this canvas

```
p2->cd(1);
```

```
r->DrawCopy();
```

```
p2->cd(2);
```

```
rRate->DrawCopy();
```

```
p2->cd(3);
```

```
hXY->DrawCopy();
```

```
p2->cd(4);
```

```
hXYrate->DrawCopy();
```

# Save Output into a Root File for Later access

- Output written in this step can be accessed later in a root file “RootScript.root”
- In the routine `void writeOutput()`

```
r->Write();
```

```
sourceZ->Write();
```

```
hXY->Write();
```

```
rRate->Write();
```

```
hXYrate->Write();
```

# Save Output into a Root File for Later access

- Output written in this step can be accessed later in a root file  
“RootScript.root”

- This file name is set in the routine `void initHisto()`

```
string foutNm = Form("RootScript.root");
```

- You can access the saved histograms using the command

```
root RootScript.root or ./build/reroot RootScript.root
```

# Analysis Steps

1. We will first run the script `RootScript.C` with root file `remollout_Moller_gen_2k.root`

2. Give an unique name at `string foutNm = Form("RootScript_real.root");`

3. Load the script `RootScript.C`

```
.L analysis/RootScript.C
```

4. Execute the script

```
RootScript("remollout_Moller_gen_2k.root")
```

# Analysis Steps

1. We will then run the script `RootScript.C` with root file

```
remollout_Moller_gen_Krypto_2k.root
```

2. Give an unique name at `string foutNm =`

```
Form("RootScript_krypto.root");
```

3. Load the script `RootScript.C`

```
.L analysis/RootScript.C
```

4. Execute the script

```
RootScript("remollout_Moller_gen_Krypto_2k.root")
```